
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2020

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number 0-17999

ImmunoGen, Inc.

Massachusetts

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or
organization)

04-2726691

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

830 Winter Street, Waltham, MA 02451

(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(781) 895-0600

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class	Trading Symbol	Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered
Common Stock, \$.01 par value	IMGN	Nasdaq Global Select Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12-b2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Shares of common stock, par value \$.01 per share: 174,405,935 shares outstanding as of April 30, 2020.

IMMUNOGEN, INC.
FORM 10-Q
FOR THE QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2020
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Forward looking statements

This report includes forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements relate to analyses and other information which are based on forecasts of future results and estimates of amounts that are not yet determinable.

These statements also relate to our future prospects, developments, and business strategies. These forward-looking statements are identified by their use of terms and phrases such as "anticipate," "believe," "could," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "plan," "predict," "project," "will," and other similar terms and phrases, including references to assumptions. These statements are contained in the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Risk Factors" sections, as well as other sections of this report.

These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors that may cause actual results to be materially different from those contemplated by our forward-looking statements. These known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors are described in detail in the "Risk Factors" section and in other sections of this report and our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 filed with the SEC on March 11, 2020. Except as required by law, we disclaim any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

ITEM 1. Financial Statements

IMMUNOGEN, INC.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(UNAUDITED)
In thousands, except per share amounts

	March 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 247,299	\$ 176,225
Accounts receivable	54	7,500
Unbilled revenue/reimbursement	1,753	1,001
Contract assets	990	3,631
Non-cash royalty receivable	12,977	15,116
Prepaid and other current assets	7,653	5,425
Total current assets	270,726	208,898
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	6,018	6,993
Operating lease right-of-use assets	15,234	15,587
Other assets	6,831	3,784
Total assets	<u>\$ 298,809</u>	<u>\$ 235,262</u>
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
Accounts payable	\$ 9,534	\$ 9,933
Accrued compensation	5,211	8,991
Other accrued liabilities	18,916	13,932
Current portion of liability related to the sale of future royalties, net of deferred financing costs of \$557 and \$635, respectively	48,651	41,274
Current portion of operating lease liability	3,071	2,971
Current portion of deferred revenue	123	309
Total current liabilities	85,506	77,410
Deferred revenue, net of current portion	127,387	127,123
Operating lease liability, net of current portion	20,996	21,798
Convertible 4.5% senior notes, net of deferred financing costs of \$18 and \$22, respectively	2,082	2,078
Liability related to the sale of future royalties, net of current portion and deferred financing costs of \$765 and \$859, respectively	65,452	82,267
Other long-term liabilities	1,489	707
Total liabilities	302,912	311,383
Commitments and contingencies (Note 1)		
Shareholders' deficit:		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value; authorized 5,000 shares; no shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2020	—	—
Common stock, \$.01 par value; authorized 200,000 shares; issued and outstanding 174,261 and 150,136 shares as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, respectively	1,743	1,501
Additional paid-in capital	1,310,710	1,209,846
Accumulated deficit	(1,316,556)	(1,287,468)
Total shareholders' deficit	(4,103)	(76,121)
Total liabilities and shareholders' deficit	<u>\$ 298,809</u>	<u>\$ 235,262</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

IMMUNOGEN, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
(UNAUDITED)

In thousands, except per share amounts

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2020	2019
Revenues:		
License and milestone fees	\$ 283	\$ 79
Non-cash royalty revenue related to the sale of future royalties	12,997	8,488
Research and development support	7	17
Total revenues	<u>13,287</u>	<u>8,584</u>
Operating expenses:		
Research and development	27,408	38,893
General and administrative	8,864	10,778
Restructuring charge	825	559
Total operating expenses	<u>37,097</u>	<u>50,230</u>
Loss from operations	(23,810)	(41,646)
Investment income, net	646	1,422
Non-cash interest expense on liability related to the sale of future royalties and convertible senior notes	(5,702)	(3,432)
Interest expense on convertible senior notes	(24)	(24)
Other expense, net	(198)	(71)
Net loss	<u>\$ (29,088)</u>	<u>\$ (43,751)</u>
Basic and diluted net loss per common share	<u>\$ (0.17)</u>	<u>\$ (0.30)</u>
Basic and diluted weighted average common shares outstanding	166,947	147,813
Total comprehensive loss	<u>\$ (29,088)</u>	<u>\$ (43,751)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

IMMUNOGEN, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' (DEFICIT) EQUITY
(UNAUDITED)
In thousands

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Shareholders' (Deficit) Equity
	Shares	Amount			
Balance at December 31, 2018	<u>149,400</u>	<u>\$ 1,494</u>	<u>\$ 1,192,813</u>	<u>\$ (1,183,335)</u>	<u>\$ 10,972</u>
Net loss	—	—	—	(43,751)	(43,751)
Issuance of common stock pursuant to the exercise of stock options and employee stock purchase plan	25	—	68	—	68
Stock option and restricted stock compensation expense	—	—	5,007	—	5,007
Directors' deferred share unit compensation	—	—	100	—	100
Balance at March 31, 2019	<u>149,425</u>	<u>\$ 1,494</u>	<u>\$ 1,197,988</u>	<u>\$ (1,227,086)</u>	<u>\$ (27,604)</u>
Net loss	—	—	—	(43,446)	(43,446)
Issuance of common stock pursuant to stock plans	354	3	667	—	670
Restricted stock award	106	1	(1)	—	—
Stock option and restricted stock compensation expense	—	—	2,106	—	2,106
Directors' deferred share unit compensation	—	—	100	—	100
Balance at June 30, 2019	<u>149,885</u>	<u>\$ 1,498</u>	<u>\$ 1,200,860</u>	<u>\$ (1,270,532)</u>	<u>\$ (68,174)</u>
Net loss	—	—	—	(21,750)	(21,750)
Issuance of common stock pursuant to the exercise of stock options and employee stock purchase plan	30	—	73	—	73
Restricted stock award forfeitures	(227)	—	—	—	—
Stock option and restricted stock compensation expense	—	—	3,580	—	3,580
Directors' deferred share unit compensation	—	—	46	—	46
Balance at September 30, 2019	<u>149,688</u>	<u>\$ 1,498</u>	<u>\$ 1,204,559</u>	<u>\$ (1,292,282)</u>	<u>\$ (86,225)</u>
Net income	—	—	—	4,814	4,814
Issuance of common stock pursuant to the exercise of stock options and employee stock purchase plan	741	7	2,054	—	2,061
Restricted stock award, net of forfeitures	(293)	(4)	4	—	—
Stock option and restricted stock compensation expense	—	—	3,138	—	3,138
Directors' deferred share unit compensation	—	—	91	—	91
Balance at December 31, 2019	<u>150,136</u>	<u>\$ 1,501</u>	<u>\$ 1,209,846</u>	<u>\$ (1,287,468)</u>	<u>\$ (76,121)</u>
Net loss	—	—	—	(29,088)	(29,088)
Issuance of common stock pursuant to the exercise of stock options and employee stock purchase plan	86	1	239	—	240
Issuance of common stock, net of issuance costs	24,524	245	97,499	—	97,744
Restricted stock units vested	2	—	—	—	—
Restricted stock award forfeitures	(487)	(4)	4	—	—
Stock option and restricted stock compensation expense	—	—	3,122	—	3,122
Balance at March 31, 2020	<u>174,261</u>	<u>\$ 1,743</u>	<u>\$ 1,310,710</u>	<u>\$ (1,316,556)</u>	<u>\$ (4,103)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

IMMUNOGEN, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)
In thousands

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (29,088)	\$ (43,751)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash (used for) provided by operating activities:		
Non-cash royalty revenue related to sale of future royalties	(12,997)	(8,488)
Non-cash interest expense on liability related to sale of future royalties and convertible senior notes	5,702	3,432
Depreciation and amortization	529	1,200
(Gain) loss on sale/disposal of fixed assets and impairment charges	(709)	444
Stock and deferred share unit compensation	3,122	5,107
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	7,446	1,468
Unbilled revenue/reimbursement	(752)	(3,365)
Contract asset	2,641	500
Prepaid and other current assets	(2,228)	(2,248)
Operating lease right-of-use assets	353	348
Other assets	(3,047)	44
Accounts payable	(649)	(2,698)
Accrued compensation	(3,267)	(7,373)
Other accrued liabilities	5,253	931
Deferred revenue	78	65,208
Operating lease liability	(702)	(556)
Net cash (used for) provided by operating activities	<u>(28,315)</u>	<u>10,203</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(21)	(2,127)
Proceeds from sale of equipment	1,426	—
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	<u>1,405</u>	<u>(2,127)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock under stock plans	240	68
Proceeds from common stock issuance, net of \$229 of transaction costs	97,744	—
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>97,984</u>	<u>68</u>
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	71,074	8,144
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	176,225	262,252
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<u>\$ 247,299</u>	<u>\$ 270,396</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

IMMUNOGEN, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
March 31, 2020

A. Nature of Business and Plan of Operations

ImmunoGen, Inc. (the Company) was incorporated in Massachusetts in 1981 and is focused on the development of antibody-drug conjugates, or ADCs. The Company has generally incurred operating losses and negative cash flows from operations since inception, incurred a net loss of \$29.1 million during the three months ended March 31, 2020, and has an accumulated deficit of approximately \$1.3 billion as of March 31, 2020. The Company has primarily funded these losses through payments received from its collaborations and equity, convertible debt, and other financings. To date, the Company has no product revenue and management expects operating losses to continue for the foreseeable future.

At March 31, 2020, the Company had \$247.3 million of cash and cash equivalents on hand. The Company anticipates that its current capital resources will enable it to meet its operational expenses and capital expenditures for more than twelve months after the date these financial statements are issued. The Company may raise additional funds through equity, debt, or other financings, or generate revenues from collaborators through a combination of upfront license payments, milestone payments, royalty payments, and research funding. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain additional debt, equity, or other financing or generate revenues from collaborators on terms acceptable to the Company or at all. The failure of the Company to obtain sufficient funds on acceptable terms when needed could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations, and financial condition and require the Company to defer or limit some or all of its research, development, and/or clinical projects.

The Company is subject to risks common to companies in the biotechnology industry including, but not limited to, the development by its competitors of new technological innovations, dependence on key personnel, protection of proprietary technology, manufacturing and marketing limitations, complexities associated with managing collaboration arrangements, third-party reimbursements, and compliance with governmental regulations.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, ImmunoGen Securities Corp., ImmunoGen Europe Limited, ImmunoGen (Bermuda) Ltd., ImmunoGen BioPharma (Ireland) Limited, and Hurricane, LLC. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated. The consolidated financial statements include all of the adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, which management considers necessary for a fair presentation of the Company's financial position in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. for interim financial information. The December 31, 2019 consolidated balance sheet presented for comparative purposes was derived from the Company's audited financial statements, and certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in the Company's annual financial statements have been condensed or omitted. The preparation of interim financial statements requires the use of management's estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the interim financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reported periods. The results of the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results for the entire year. Accordingly, the interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019, filed with the SEC on March 11, 2020.

Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated all events or transactions that occurred after March 31, 2020, up through the date the Company issued these financial statements. The Company did not have any material recognized or unrecognized subsequent events during this period.

Revenue Recognition

The Company enters into licensing and development agreements with collaborators for the development of

ADCs. The terms of these agreements contain multiple deliverables/performance obligations which may include (i) licenses, or options to obtain licenses, to the Company's ADC technology, (ii) rights to future technological improvements, and (iii) miscellaneous other activities to be performed on behalf of the collaborative partner. Payments to the Company under these agreements may include upfront fees, option fees, exercise fees, payments for miscellaneous other activities, payments based upon the achievement of certain milestones, and royalties on product sales. The Company follows the provisions of Accounting Standards Codification Topic 606 - *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (ASC 606) in accounting for these agreements.

Revenue is recognized when a customer obtains control of promised goods or services, in an amount that reflects the consideration which the entity expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. In determining the appropriate amount of revenue to be recognized as it fulfills its obligations under the agreements, the Company performs the following five steps: (i) identification of the promised goods or services in the contract; (ii) determination of whether the promised goods or services are performance obligations, including whether they are distinct in the context of the contract; (iii) measurement of the transaction price, including the constraint on variable consideration; (iv) allocation of the transaction price to the performance obligations; and (v) recognition of revenue when or as the Company satisfies each performance obligation.

The Company only applies the five-step model to contracts when it is probable that the Company will collect the consideration to which it is entitled in exchange for the goods or services it transfers to the customer. At contract inception, once the contract is determined to be within the scope of ASC 606, the Company assesses the goods or services promised within each contract and determines those that are performance obligations, and assesses whether each promised good or service is distinct. The Company then recognizes as revenue the amount of the transaction price that is allocated to the respective performance obligation when or as the performance obligation is satisfied.

As part of the accounting for arrangements, the Company must develop assumptions that require judgment to determine the selling price for each performance obligation that was identified in the contract, which is discussed in further detail below.

At March 31, 2020, the Company had the following types of material agreements with the parties identified below:

- Development and commercialization licenses, which provide the counterparty with the right to use the Company's ADC technology and/or certain other intellectual property to develop and commercialize anticancer compounds to a specified antigen target:
 - Bayer (one exclusive single-target license)
 - Biotest (one exclusive single-target license)
 - CytomX (two exclusive single-target licenses)
 - Debiopharm (one exclusive single-compound license)
 - Fusion Pharmaceuticals (one exclusive single-target license)
 - Novartis (five exclusive single-target licenses)
 - Oxford BioTherapeutics/Menarini (one exclusive single target license sublicensed from Amgen)
 - Roche, through its Genentech unit (five exclusive single-target licenses)
 - Sanofi (five fully-paid, exclusive single-target licenses)
 - Takeda, through its wholly owned subsidiary, Millennium Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (one exclusive single-target license)
- Collaboration and option agreement for a defined period of time to secure a license to develop and commercialize a specified anticancer compound on established terms:
 - Jazz Pharmaceuticals

- Collaboration and license agreement to co-develop and co-commercialize a specified anticancer compound on established terms:

MacroGenics

There are no performance, cancellation, termination, or refund provisions in any of the arrangements that contain material financial consequences to the Company.

Development and Commercialization Licenses

The obligations under a development and commercialization license agreement generally include the license to the Company's ADC technology with respect to a specified antigen target, and may also include obligations related to rights to future technological improvements and miscellaneous other activities to be performed on behalf of the collaborative partner.

Generally, development and commercialization licenses contain non-refundable terms for payments and, depending on the terms of the agreement, provide that the Company will earn payments upon the achievement of certain milestones and royalty payments, generally until the later of the last applicable patent expiration or 10 to 12 years after product launch. Royalty rates may vary over the royalty term depending on the Company's intellectual property rights and/or the presence of comparable competing products. In the case of Sanofi, its licenses are fully-paid and no further milestones or royalties will be received. In the case of Debiopharm, no royalties will be received. The Company may provide technology transfer services in connection with the out-licensing of product candidates initially developed by the Company at negotiated prices which are generally consistent with what other third parties would charge. The Company may also provide technical assistance and share any technology improvements with its collaborators during the term of the collaboration agreements. The Company does not directly control when or whether any collaborator will request research, achieve milestones, or become liable for royalty payments.

In determining the performance obligations, management evaluates whether the license is distinct, and has significant standalone functionality, from the undelivered elements to the collaborative partner based on the consideration of the relevant facts and circumstances for each arrangement. Factors considered in this determination include the research capabilities of the partner and the availability of ADC technology research expertise in the general marketplace and whether technological improvements are required for the continued functionality of the license. If the license to the Company's intellectual property is determined to be distinct from the other performance obligations identified in the arrangement, the Company recognizes revenues from non-refundable, upfront fees allocated to the license when the license is transferred to the customer and the customer is able to use and benefit from the license.

The Company estimates the selling prices of the license and all other performance obligations based on market conditions, similar arrangements entered into by third parties, and entity-specific factors such as the terms of the Company's previous collaborative agreements, recent preclinical and clinical testing results of therapeutic products that use the Company's ADC technology, the Company's pricing practices and pricing objectives, the likelihood that technological improvements will be made, and, if made, will be used by the Company's collaborators, and the nature of the other services to be performed on behalf of its collaborators and market rates for similar services.

The Company recognizes revenue related to other services as they are performed. The Company is compensated at negotiated rates that are consistent with what other third parties would charge. The Company records amounts received for services performed as a component of research and development support revenue.

The Company recognizes revenue related to the rights to future technological improvements over the estimated term of the applicable license.

The Company's development and commercialization license agreements have milestone payments which for reporting purposes are aggregated into three categories: (i) development milestones, (ii) regulatory milestones, and (iii) sales milestones. Development milestones are typically payable when a product candidate initiates or advances into different clinical trial phases. Regulatory milestones are typically payable upon submission for marketing approval with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or other countries' regulatory authorities or on receipt of actual marketing approvals for the compound or for additional indications. Sales milestones are typically payable when annual sales reach certain levels.

At the inception of each arrangement that includes development and regulatory milestone payments, the Company evaluates whether the achievement of each milestone specifically relates to the Company's efforts to satisfy a performance obligation or transfer a distinct good or service within a performance obligation. If the achievement of a milestone is considered a direct result of the Company's efforts to satisfy a performance obligation or transfer a distinct good or service and the receipt of the payment is based upon the achievement of the milestone, the associated milestone value is allocated to that distinct good or service. If the milestone payment is not specifically related to the Company's effort to satisfy a performance obligation or transfer a distinct good or service, the amount is allocated to all performance obligations using the relative standalone selling price method. In addition, the Company evaluates the milestone to determine whether the milestone is considered probable of being reached and estimates the amount to be included in the transaction price using the most likely amount method. If it is probable that a significant revenue reversal would not occur, the associated milestone value is included in the transaction price to be allocated; otherwise, such amounts are considered constrained and excluded from the transaction price. At the end of each subsequent reporting period, the Company re-evaluates the probability of achievement of such development or regulatory milestones and any related constraint and, if necessary, adjusts its estimate of the transaction price. Any such adjustments to the transaction price are allocated to the performance obligations on the same basis as at contract inception. Amounts allocated to a satisfied performance obligation shall be recognized as revenue, or as a reduction of revenue, in the period in which the transaction price changes.

For development and commercialization license agreements that include sales-based royalties, including milestone payments based on the level of sales, and the license is deemed to be the predominant item to which the royalties relate, the Company recognizes revenue at the later of (i) when the related sales occur, or (ii) when the performance obligation to which some or all of the royalty has been allocated has been satisfied (or partially satisfied) in accordance with the royalty recognition constraint. Under the Company's development and commercialization license agreements, except for the Sanofi and Debiopharm licenses, the Company receives royalty payments based upon its licensees' net sales of covered products. Generally, under the development and commercialization agreements, the Company receives royalty reports and payments from its licensees approximately one quarter in arrears. The Company estimates the amount of royalty revenue to be recognized based on historical and forecasted sales and/or sales information from its licensees if available.

Collaboration and Option Agreements/Right-to-Test Agreements

The Company's right-to-test agreements provide collaborators the right to test the Company's ADC technology for a defined period of time through a research, or right-to-test, license. Under both right-to-test agreements and collaboration and option agreements, collaborators may (a) take options, for a defined period of time, to specified targets and (b) upon exercise of those options, secure or "take" licenses to develop and commercialize products for the specified targets on established terms. Under these agreements, fees may be due to the Company (i) at the inception of the arrangement (referred to as "upfront" fees or payments), (ii) upon the opt-in to acquire a development and commercialization license(s) (referred to as exercise fees or payments earned, if any, when the development and commercialization license is "taken"), (iii) at the collaborator's request, after providing other services at negotiated prices, which are generally consistent with what other third parties would charge, or (iv) upon some combination of all of these fees.

The accounting for collaboration and option agreements and right-to-test agreements is dependent on the nature of the options granted to the collaborative partner. Options are considered distinct performance obligations if they provide a collaborator with a material right. Factors that are considered in evaluating whether options convey a material right include the overall objective of the arrangement, the benefit the collaborator might obtain from the agreement without exercising the options, the cost to exercise the options relative to the fair value of the licenses, and the additional financial commitments or economic penalties imposed on the collaborator as a result of exercising the options. As of March 31, 2020, all right-to-test agreements have expired.

If the Company concludes that an option provides the customer a material right, and therefore is a separate performance obligation, the Company then determines the estimated selling prices of the option and all other units of accounting using the following inputs: (a) estimated fair value of each program, (b) the amount the partner would pay to exercise the option to obtain the license, and (c) probability of exercise.

The Company does not control when or if any collaborator will exercise its options for development and commercialization licenses. As a result, the Company cannot predict when or if it will recognize revenues in connection with any of the foregoing.

Upfront payments on development and commercialization licenses may be recognized upon delivery of the license if facts and circumstances dictate that the license has stand-alone functionality and is distinct from the undelivered elements.

In determining whether a collaboration and option agreement is within the scope of ASC 808, *Collaborative Arrangements*, management evaluates the level of involvement of both companies in the development and commercialization of the products to determine if both parties are active participants and if both parties are exposed to risks and rewards dependent on the commercial success of the licensed products. If the agreement is determined to be within the scope of ASC 808, the Company will segregate the research and development activities and the related cost sharing arrangement. Payments made by the Company for such activities will be recorded as research and development expense and reimbursements received from its partner will be recognized as an offset to research and development expense.

Transaction Price Allocated to Future Performance Obligations

Remaining performance obligations represent the transaction price of contracts for which work has not been performed (or has been partially performed) and includes unexercised contract options that are considered material rights. As of March 31, 2020, the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations comprising deferred revenue was \$127.5 million. The Company expects to recognize revenue on approximately 39% and 61% of the remaining performance obligations over the next 13 to 60 months and 61 to 120 months, respectively; however, it does not control when or if any collaborator will exercise its options for, or terminate existing development and commercialization licenses.

Contract Balances from Contracts with Customers

The following table presents changes in the Company's contract assets and contract liabilities during the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 (in thousands):

Three months ended March 31, 2020	Balance at December 31, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Impact of Netting	Balance at March 31, 2020
Contract asset	\$ 3,631	\$ —	\$ (3,000)	\$ 359	\$ 990
Contract liabilities	\$ 127,432	\$ —	\$ (283)	\$ 361	\$ 127,510

Three months ended March 31, 2019	Balance at December 31, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Balance at March 31, 2019
Contract asset	\$ 500	\$ —	\$ (500)	\$ —
Contract liabilities	\$ 80,802	\$ 65,287	\$ (79)	\$ 146,010

The Company recognized the following revenues as a result of changes in contract asset and contract liability balances in the respective periods (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended	
	2020	2019
Revenue recognized in the period from:		
Amounts included in contract liabilities at the beginning of the period	\$ 283	\$ 79
Performance obligations satisfied in previous periods	\$ —	\$ —

During the quarter ended March 31, 2020, the Company recorded \$200,000 as license and milestone fee revenue for delivery of certain materials to CytomX that had been previously deferred, and \$83,000 of amortization related to numerous collaborators' rights to technological improvements. Additionally, a contract asset of \$2.7 million, net of a \$0.3 million related contract liability, was recorded for a probable milestone in 2019 pursuant to a license agreement with CytomX, which was subsequently achieved and paid during the three months ended March 31, 2020.

A contract asset and related revenue of \$500,000 was recorded for a probable milestone in 2018 pursuant to a license agreement with Fusion Pharmaceuticals, which was subsequently achieved and paid during the three months ended March 31, 2019. Also during the three months ended March 31, 2019, \$65.2 million was recorded as deferred revenue as a result of a sale of the Company's residual rights to receive royalty payments on commercial sales of Kadcyla[®] (ado-trastuzumab emtansine) as discussed in Note E, and \$79,000 of amortization of deferred revenue was recorded related to numerous collaborators' rights to technological improvements.

The timing of revenue recognition, billings, and cash collections results in billed receivables, contract assets, and contract liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets. When consideration is received, or such consideration is unconditionally due, from a customer prior to transferring goods or services to the customer under the terms of a contract, a contract liability is recorded. Contract liabilities are recognized as revenue after control of the products or services is transferred to the customer and all revenue recognition criteria have been met.

Financial Instruments and Concentration of Credit Risk

Cash and cash equivalents are primarily maintained with three financial institutions in the U.S. Deposits with banks may exceed the amount of insurance provided on such deposits. Generally, these deposits may be redeemed upon demand and, therefore, bear minimal risk. The Company's cash equivalents consist of money market funds with underlying investments primarily being U.S. Government-issued securities and high quality, short term commercial paper. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities. The Company held no marketable securities as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019. The Company's investment policy, approved by the Board of Directors, limits the amount it may invest in any one type of investment, thereby reducing credit risk concentrations.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All highly liquid financial instruments with maturities of three months or less when purchased are considered cash equivalents. As of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company held \$247.3 million and \$176.2 million, respectively, in cash and money market funds, which were classified as cash and cash equivalents.

Non-cash Investing and Financing Activities

The Company had \$250,000 of accrued capital expenditures as of March 31, 2020 which have been treated as a non-cash investing activity and, accordingly, are not reflected in the consolidated statement of cash flows. The Company had no accrued capital expenditures as of December 31, 2019.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is defined under ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Valuation techniques used to measure fair value must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The standard describes a hierarchy to measure fair value which is based on three levels of inputs, of which the first two are considered observable and the last unobservable, as follows:

- Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 - Inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
- Level 3 – Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

As of March 31, 2020, the Company held certain assets that are required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The following table represents the fair value hierarchy for the Company's financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2020 (in thousands):

	Fair Value Measurements at March 31, 2020 Using			
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	Significant Other Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs
	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Cash equivalents	\$ 231,280	\$ 231,280	\$ —	\$ —

As of December 31, 2019, the Company held certain assets that are required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis. The following table represents the fair value hierarchy for the Company's financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2019 (in thousands):

	Fair Value Measurements at December 31, 2019 Using			
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	Significant Other Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs
	Total	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Cash equivalents	\$ 163,674	\$ 163,674	\$ —	\$ —

The fair value of the Company's cash equivalents is based on quoted prices from active markets.

The carrying amounts reflected in the consolidated balance sheets for accounts receivable, unbilled revenue, prepaid and other current assets, accounts payable, accrued compensation, and other accrued liabilities approximate fair value due to their short-term nature. The estimated fair value of the convertible 4.5% senior notes (the "Convertible Notes") approximates the gross carrying value of \$2.1 million as of March 31, 2020. The estimated fair value and gross carrying amount was \$3.0 million and \$2.1 million, respectively, as of December 31, 2019. The fair value of the Convertible Notes is influenced by interest rates, the Company's stock price and stock price volatility, and by prices observed in trading activity for the Convertible Notes. However, because there have been no trades involving the Convertible Notes since January 2018, the fair value as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 uses Level 3 inputs.

Unbilled Revenue/Reimbursement

Unbilled revenue/reimbursement substantially represents research funding earned based on actual resources utilized and external expenses incurred under certain of the Company's collaboration agreements.

Clinical Trial Accruals

Clinical trial expenses are a significant component of research and development expenses, and the Company outsources a significant portion of these costs to third parties. Third party clinical trial expenses include investigator fees, site costs (patient costs), clinical research organization costs, and costs for central laboratory testing and data management. The accrual for site and patient costs includes inputs such as estimates of patient enrollment, patient cycles incurred, clinical site activations, and other pass-through costs. These inputs are required to be estimated due to a lag in receiving the actual clinical information from third parties. Payments for these activities are based on the terms of the individual arrangements, which may differ from the pattern of costs incurred, and are reflected on the consolidated balance sheets as prepaid assets or accrued clinical trial costs. These third party agreements are generally cancelable, and related costs are recorded as research and development expenses as incurred. Non-refundable advance clinical payments for goods or services that will be used or rendered for future R&D activities are recorded as a prepaid asset and recognized as expense as the related goods are delivered or the related services are performed. The Company also records accruals for estimated ongoing clinical research and development costs. When evaluating the adequacy of the accrued liabilities, the Company analyzes progress of the studies, including the phase or completion of events, invoices received, and contracted costs. Significant judgments and estimates may be made in determining the accrued balances at the end of any reporting period. Actual results could differ from the estimates made by the Company. The historical clinical accrual estimates made by the Company have not been materially different from the actual costs.

Leases

Effective January 1, 2019, the Company adopted ASU 2016-2, *Leases (Topic 842)*, the details of which are further discussed in Note H. The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Operating leases include right-of-use ("ROU") assets and operating lease liabilities (current and non-current), which are recorded in the Company's consolidated balance sheets. Single payment capital leases for equipment that are considered finance leases are included in

property and equipment in the Company's consolidated balance sheets. As the single payment obligations have all been made, there is no related liability recorded.

ROU assets represent the Company's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the Company's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. The Company uses the implicit rate when readily determinable. As a number of the Company's leases do not provide an implicit rate, the Company uses an incremental borrowing rate applicable to the Company based on the information available at the commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. As the Company has no existing or proposed collateralized borrowing arrangements, to determine a reasonable incremental borrowing rate, the Company considers collateral assumptions, the lease term, the Company's current credit risk profile, and rates for existing borrowing arrangements for comparable peer companies. The Company accounts for the lease and fixed non-lease components as a single lease component. The Company's lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise that option. Lease expense for operating lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Computation of Net Loss per Common Share

Basic and diluted net loss per share is calculated based upon the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. During periods of income, participating securities are allocated a proportional share of income determined by dividing total weighted average participating securities by the sum of the total weighted average common shares and participating securities (the "two-class method"). Shares of the Company's restricted stock participate in any dividends that may be declared by the Company and are therefore considered to be participating securities. Participating securities have the effect of diluting both basic and diluted earnings per share during periods of income. During periods of loss, no loss is allocated to participating securities since they have no contractual obligation to share in the losses of the Company. Diluted (loss) income per share is computed after giving consideration to the dilutive effect of stock options, convertible notes, and restricted stock that are outstanding during the period, except where such non-participating securities would be anti-dilutive.

The Company's common stock equivalents, as calculated in accordance with the treasury-stock method for the options and unvested restricted stock and the if-converted method for the Convertible Notes, are shown in the following table (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2020	2019
Options outstanding to purchase common stock, shares issuable under the employee stock purchase plan, and unvested restricted stock/units at end of period	19,021	21,528
Common stock equivalents under treasury stock method for options, shares issuable under the employee stock purchase plan, and unvested restricted stock	1,428	1,559
Shares issuable upon conversion of convertible notes at end of period	501	501
Common stock equivalents under if-converted method for convertible notes	501	501

The Company's common stock equivalents have not been included in the net loss per share calculation because their effect is anti-dilutive due to the Company's net loss position.

Stock-Based Compensation

As of March 31, 2020, the Company was authorized to grant future awards under three employee share-based compensation plans, which are the ImmunoGen, Inc. 2018 Employee, Director and Consultant Equity Incentive Plan, as amended (the 2018 Plan), the Employee Stock Purchase Plan (ESPP), and the ImmunoGen Inducement Equity Incentive Plan, as amended (the Inducement Plan). At the annual meeting of shareholders on June 20, 2018, the 2018 Plan was approved and provides for the issuance of Stock Grants, the grant of Options, and the grant of Stock-Based Awards for up to 7,500,000 shares of the Company's common stock, as well as up to 19,500,000 shares of common stock which represent awards granted under the previous stock option plans, the ImmunoGen, Inc. 2016 and 2006 Employee, Director and Consultant Equity Incentive Plans, that forfeit, expire, or cancel without delivery of shares of common stock or which resulted in the forfeiture of shares of common stock back to the Company subsequent to June 19, 2018. The Inducement Plan was approved by the Board of Directors in December 2019 to provide for the issuance of non-qualified option grants

for up to 1,500,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Inducement Plan was amended in January 2020 and again in April 2020 to reduce the total number of shares reserved for issuance under the plan to 850,000 shares. Options awarded under the two plans are granted with an exercise price equal to the market price of the Company's stock at the date of grant. Options vest at various periods of up to four years and may be exercised within ten years of the date of grant.

The stock-based awards are accounted for under ASC Topic 718, *Compensation-Stock Compensation*. Pursuant to Topic 718, the estimated grant date fair value of awards is charged to the statement of operations and comprehensive loss over the requisite service period, which is the vesting period. Such amounts have been reduced by an estimate of forfeitures of all unvested awards. The fair value of each stock option is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the weighted average assumptions noted in the following table. As the Company has not paid dividends since inception, nor does it expect to pay any dividends for the foreseeable future, the expected dividend yield assumption is zero. Expected volatility is based exclusively on historical volatility of the Company's stock. The expected term of stock options granted is based exclusively on historical data and represents the period of time that stock options granted are expected to be outstanding. The expected term is calculated for and applied to one group of stock options as the Company does not expect substantially different exercise or post-vesting termination behavior among its option recipients. The risk-free rate of the stock options is based on the U.S. Treasury rate in effect at the time of grant for the expected term of the stock options.

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2020	2019
Dividend	None	None
Volatility	84.20%	73.57%
Risk-free interest rate	1.45%	2.47%
Expected life (years)	6.0	6.0

Using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model, the weighted average grant date fair values of options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 were \$3.23 and \$3.46 per share, respectively.

A summary of option activity under the Company's equity plans as of March 31, 2020, and changes during the three month period then ended is presented below (in thousands, except weighted-average data):

	Number of Stock Options	Weighted- Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at December 31, 2019	13,518	\$ 7.53
Granted	5,740	4.55
Exercised	(86)	2.81
Forfeited/Canceled	(625)	8.45
Outstanding at March 31, 2020	<u>18,547</u>	<u>\$ 6.60</u>

In September 2018, the Company granted 295,200 performance stock options to certain employees that will vest in two equal installments upon the achievement of specified performance goals. At March 31, 2020, 139,100 of these options are still outstanding. In the quarter ended March 31, 2020, the Company issued 2.4 million additional performance stock options that will vest in four installments upon the achievement of specified performance goals. The Company determined it is not currently probable that these performance goals will be achieved and, therefore, no expense has been recorded to date. The fair value of the performance-based options that could be expensed in future periods, net of estimated forfeitures, is \$12.0 million.

A summary of restricted stock and restricted stock unit activity, inclusive of performance-based restricted stock awards, under the Company's equity plans as of March 31, 2020 and changes during the three-month period ended March 31, 2020 is presented below (in thousands):

	Number of Restricted Stock Shares	Weighted-Average Grant Date Fair Value
Unvested at December 31, 2019	1,297	\$ 2.97
Vested	(337)	2.47
Forfeited	(487)	3.62
Unvested at March 31, 2020	473	2.68

In 2016, 2017, and 2019, the Company granted shares of performance-based restricted common stock to certain employees of the Company. All but 57,400 of these granted shares have since been forfeited. The restrictions on these shares will lapse in three equal installments upon the achievement of specified performance goals. The Company determined it is not currently probable that these performance goals will be achieved and, therefore, no expense has been recorded to date. The fair value of the performance-based shares that could be expensed in future periods, net of estimated forfeitures, is \$142,000.

During the three months ended March 31, 2020, holders of options issued under the Company's equity plans exercised their rights to acquire an aggregate of approximately 86,000 shares of common stock at prices ranging from \$2.47 to \$4.00 per share. The total proceeds to the Company from these option exercises were \$240,000.

In June 2018, the Company's Board of Directors, with shareholder approval, adopted the Employee Stock Purchase Plan, or ESPP. An aggregate of 1,000,000 shares of common stock have been reserved for issuance under the ESPP. No shares were issued to participating employees during the three months ended March 31, 2020 or 2019. The fair value of each ESPP award is estimated on the first day of the offering period using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. The Company recognizes share-based compensation expense equal to the fair value of the ESPP awards on a straight-line basis over the offering period.

Stock compensation expense related to stock options and restricted stock awards granted under the stock plans and related to the ESPP was \$3.1 million during the three months ended March 31, 2020, compared to stock compensation expense of \$5.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019, respectively. The decrease in expense is primarily due to a lower fair value of awards vesting in the current period compared to the prior year period as a result of the restructuring last year and a decline in the Company's stock price. Stock compensation expense related to the ESPP was \$78,000 and \$197,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019. As of March 31, 2020, the estimated fair value of unvested employee awards, exclusive of performance awards, was \$24.3 million, net of estimated forfeitures. The weighted-average remaining vesting period for these awards is approximately three years.

Segment Information

During the three months ended March 31, 2020, the Company continued to operate in one operating segment, which is the business of development of monoclonal antibody-based anticancer therapeutics.

During the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, 98% and 99% of revenues, respectively, were from Roche, consisting of non-cash royalty revenue. There were no other customers of the Company with significant revenues in the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2018, the FASB issued ASU 2018-18, *Collaborative Arrangements (Topic 808): Clarifying the Interaction between Topic 808 and Topic 606*, which clarifies that certain transactions between participants in a collaborative arrangement should be accounted for under ASC 606 when the counterparty is a customer. In addition, ASU 2018-18 adds unit-of-account guidance to ASC Topic 808, *Collaborative Arrangements*, in order to align this guidance with ASC 606 and also precludes an entity from presenting consideration from a transaction in a collaborative arrangement as revenue from contracts with customers if the counterparty is not a customer for that transaction. This guidance is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those annual reporting periods. The Company adopted the standard on January 1, 2020, and it did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, *Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments*, to require financial assets carried at amortized cost to be presented at the net amount expected to be collected based on historical experience, current conditions, and forecasts. The ASU is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Adoption of the ASU is on a modified retrospective basis. The Company adopted the standard on January 1, 2020, and it did not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

No other recently issued or effective ASUs had, or are expected to have, a material effect on the Company's results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity.

C. Agreements

Significant Collaborative Agreements

Roche

In May 2000, the Company granted Genentech, now a member of the Roche Group, an exclusive license to use the Company's maytansinoid ADC technology. Pursuant to this agreement, Roche developed and received marketing approval for its HER2-targeting ADC compound, Kadcyła, in the U.S., Europe, Japan, and numerous other countries. The Company receives royalty reports and royalty payments related to sales of Kadcyła from Roche one quarter in arrears. In accordance with the Company's revenue recognition policy, \$13.0 million and \$8.5 million of non-cash royalties on net sales of Kadcyła were recorded and included in non-cash royalty revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Kadcyła sales occurring after January 1, 2015 were covered by a royalty purchase agreement whereby the associated cash, except for a residual tail, was remitted to Immunity Royalty Holdings, L.P. or IRH. In January 2019, the Company sold its residual tail to OMERS, the defined benefit pension plan for municipal employees in the Province of Ontario, Canada, for a net payment of \$65.2 million, as discussed further in Note E. Simultaneously, OMERS purchased IRH's right to the royalties the Company previously sold as described above, therefore obtaining the rights to 100% of the royalties received from that date on.

CytomX

In 2016, the Company granted CytomX an exclusive development and commercialization license to the Company's maytansinoid ADC technology for use with Probodies™ that target CD166 under a now expired reciprocal right-to-test agreement. Pursuant to the license agreement, the Company is entitled to receive up to a total of \$160.0 million in milestone payments plus royalties on the commercial sales of any resulting product. The total milestones are categorized as follows: development milestones—\$10.0 million; regulatory milestones—\$50.0 million; and sales milestones—\$100.0 million. In December 2019, a development milestone related to dosing of a first patient in a Phase 2 clinical trial became probable of being attained, which resulted in \$3.0 million of license and milestone fee revenue being recorded in 2019. In February 2020, CytomX enrolled its first patient in the aforementioned Phase 2 clinical trial, and subsequently remitted the \$3.0 million milestone payment to the Company in March 2020. CytomX is responsible for the manufacturing, development, and marketing of any products resulting from the development and commercialization license taken by CytomX under this collaboration.

For additional information related to this agreement, as well as the Company's other significant collaborative agreements, please read Note C, *Agreements*, to the consolidated financial statements included within the Company's 2019 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 11, 2020.

D. Convertible 4.5% Senior Notes

In 2016, the Company issued Convertible Notes with an aggregate principal amount of \$100 million, of which \$2.1 million remains outstanding as of March 31, 2020. The Convertible Notes are governed by the terms of an indenture between the Company, as issuer, and Wilmington Trust, National Association, as the trustee. The Convertible Notes are senior unsecured obligations and bear interest at a rate of 4.5% per year, payable semi-annually in arrears on January 1 and July 1 of each year, commencing on January 1, 2017. The Company recorded \$24,000 of interest expense in each of the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The Convertible Notes will mature on July 1, 2021, unless earlier repurchased or converted. Holders may convert their notes at their option at any time prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the stated maturity date. Upon conversion, the Company will deliver for each \$1,000 principal amount of converted notes a number of shares equal to the conversion rate, which will initially be 238.7775 shares of common stock, equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$4.19. The conversion rate will be subject to adjustment in some circumstances, but will not be adjusted for any accrued and unpaid interest.

E. Liability Related to Sale of Future Royalties

In 2015, IRH purchased the right to receive 100% of the royalty payments on commercial sales of Kadcyła subsequent to December 31, 2014, arising under the Company's development and commercialization license with Genentech, until IRH had received aggregate royalties equal to \$235 million or \$260 million, depending on when the aggregate royalties received by IRH reach a specified milestone. Once the applicable threshold was met, if ever, the Company would thereafter have received 85% and IRH would have received 15% of the Kadcyła royalties for the remaining royalty term. At consummation of the transaction, the Company received cash proceeds of \$200 million. As part of this sale, the Company incurred \$5.9 million of transaction costs, which are presented net of the liability in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet and are being amortized to interest expense over the estimated life of the royalty purchase agreement. Although the Company sold its rights to receive royalties from the sales of Kadcyła, as a result of its then ongoing involvement in the cash flows related to these royalties, the Company continues to account for these royalties as revenue and recorded the \$200 million in proceeds from this transaction as a liability related to sale of future royalties (Royalty Obligation) that will be amortized using the interest method over the estimated life of the royalty purchase agreement.

In January 2019, the Company sold its residual rights to receive royalty payments on commercial sales of Kadcyła to OMERS, the defined benefit pension plan for municipal employees in the Province of Ontario, Canada, for a net payment of \$65.2 million (amount is net of \$1.5 million in contingent broker fees). Simultaneously, OMERS purchased IRH's right to the royalties the Company previously sold as described above, therefore obtaining the rights to 100% of the royalties received from that date on. Because the Company will not be involved with the cash flows related to the residual royalties, the \$65.2 million of net proceeds received from the sale of its residual rights to receive royalty payments was recorded as long-term deferred revenue and will be amortized as the cash related to the residual rights is received using the units of revenue approach. During the three months ended March 31, 2020, the Company did not receive any royalties related to the residual rights, therefore, no revenue from this sale was recognized. Additionally, the purchase of IRH's interest by OMERS did not result in an extinguishment or modification of the original instrument and, accordingly, the Company will continue to account for the remaining obligation as a liability as outlined above.

The following table shows the activity within the liability account during the three-month period ended March 31, 2020 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended
	March 31, 2020
Liability related to sale of future royalties, net — beginning balance	\$ 123,541
Kadcyła royalty payments received and paid	(15,137)
Non-cash interest expense recognized	5,699
Liability related to sale of future royalties, net — ending balance	<u>\$ 114,103</u>

As royalties are remitted to IRH and subsequently OMERS, the balance of the Royalty Obligation will be effectively repaid over the life of the agreement. In order to determine the amortization of the Royalty Obligation, the Company is required to estimate the total amount of future royalty payments to be received and remitted as noted above over the life of the underlying license agreement with Genentech covering Kadcyła. The sum of these amounts less the \$200 million proceeds the Company received will be recorded as interest expense over the life of the Royalty Obligation. Since inception, the Company's estimate of this total interest expense results in an effective annual interest rate of 10.1%, and a current effective interest rate of 17.7% as of March 31, 2020. The Company periodically assesses the estimated royalty payments to IRH/OMERS and to the extent such payments are greater or less than its initial estimates, or the timing of such payments is materially different than its original estimates, the Company will prospectively adjust the amortization of the Royalty Obligation. There are a number of factors that could materially affect the amount and timing of royalty payments from Genentech, most of which are not within the Company's control. Such factors include, but are not limited to, changing standards of care, the introduction of competing products, manufacturing or other delays, biosimilar competition, patent protection, adverse events that result in governmental health authority imposed restrictions on the use of the drug products, significant changes in foreign exchange rates as the royalties are paid in U.S. dollars (USD) while significant portions of the underlying sales of Kadcyła are made in currencies other than USD, and other events or circumstances that could result in reduced royalty payments from Kadcyła, all of which would result in a reduction of non-cash royalty revenues and the non-cash interest expense over the life of the Royalty Obligation.

Conversely, if sales of Kadcylya are more than expected, the non-cash royalty revenues and the non-cash interest expense recorded by the Company would be greater over the term of the Royalty Obligation.

In addition, the royalty purchase agreement grants IRH/OMERS the right to receive certain reports and other information relating to the royalties and contains other representations and warranties, covenants, and indemnification obligations that are customary for a transaction of this nature.

F. Capital Stock

Compensation Policy for Non-Employee Directors

Pursuant to the Compensation Policy for Non-Employee Directors, Non-Employee Directors are granted deferred share units for their annual retainers which vest quarterly over approximately one year from the date of grant, contingent upon the individual remaining a director of ImmunoGen as of each vesting date. The number of deferred share units awarded is fixed per the plan on the date of the award. All unvested deferred share units will automatically vest immediately prior to the occurrence of a change of control. The redemption amount of deferred share units issued will be paid in shares of common stock of the Company on the date a director ceases to be a member of the Board.

In addition to the deferred share units, the Non-Employee Directors are also entitled to receive a fixed number of stock options on the date of the annual meeting of shareholders. These options vest quarterly over approximately one year from the date of grant. Any new directors will receive a pro-rated award, depending on their date of election to the Board. The directors received a total of 108,000 and 128,000 options in June 2019 and 2018, respectively, and the related compensation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 is included in the amounts discussed in the “Stock-Based Compensation” section of Note B above.

G. Restructuring Charge

2019 Corporate Restructuring

On June 26, 2019, the Board of Directors approved a plan to restructure the business to focus resources on continued development of mirvetuximab soravtansine and a select portfolio of three earlier-stage product candidates, resulting in a significant reduction of the Company’s workforce, with a majority of these employees separating from the business by mid-July 2019 and most of the remaining affected employees transitioning over varying periods of time of up to 12 months. Communication of the plan to the affected employees was substantially completed on June 27, 2019.

As a result of the workforce reduction, during the three months ended June 30, 2019, the Company recorded a \$16.0 million charge for severance related to a pre-existing plan in accordance with ASC 712, *Compensation-Nonretirement Postemployment Benefits*, as such amounts were probable and reasonably estimable. The estimate was later reduced during 2019 to \$15.4 million due to minor adjustments to the plan. The related cash payments will be substantially paid out by June 30, 2020. In addition, an anticipated charge of \$4.0 million is expected to be incurred for incremental retention benefits over the same time period, of which \$2.1 million was recorded during the year ended December 31, 2019 and \$0.8 million was recorded during the three months ended March 31, 2020.

A summary of activity against the corporate restructuring charge related to the employee terminations in 2019 is as follows:

	Employee Termination Benefits Costs
Balance at December 31, 2019	\$ 4,087
Additional charges/adjustments during the period	41
Payments during the period	(1,347)
Balance at March 31, 2020	<u>\$ 2,781</u>

In addition to the termination benefits and other related charges, the Company is seeking to sub-lease the majority of the laboratory and office space at 830 Winter Street in Waltham, Massachusetts. The financial impact of these efforts is dependent on the length of time it takes to find tenants and the terms of the sub-leases. The decision to vacate part of its corporate office resulted in a change in asset groupings and also represented an impairment indicator. The

Company determined and continues to believe that the right-of-use asset and leasehold improvements are recoverable based on expected sub-lease income, and therefore, no impairment has been recorded.

Charge Related to Unoccupied Office Space

The Company has sought to sub-lease 10,281 square feet of unoccupied office space at 930 Winter Street in Waltham, Massachusetts that was leased in 2016. During the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company recorded a \$559,000 impairment charge related to this lease, which represented the remaining balance of the right to use asset as the likelihood of finding a sub-lessor had diminished significantly as the lease approached termination.

H. Leases

The Company currently has two real estate leases. The first is an agreement with CRP/King 830 Winter L.L.C. for the rental of approximately 120,000 square feet of laboratory and office space at 830 Winter Street, Waltham, MA through March 2026. The Company uses this space for its corporate headquarters and other operations. The Company may extend the lease for two additional terms of five years and is required to pay certain operating expenses for the leased premises subject to escalation charges for certain expense increases over a base amount. The Company is actively seeking to sub-lease approximately 80,000 square feet of this space and, during the three months ended March 31, 2020, executed two subleases for approximately 33,000 square feet through the remaining initial term of the lease. The second real estate lease is an agreement with PDM 930 Unit, LLC for the rental of 10,281 square feet of additional office space at 930 Winter Street, Waltham, MA through August 31, 2021. The Company is required to pay certain operating expenses for the leased premises based on its pro-rata share of such expenses for the entire rentable space of the building. The Company is actively seeking to sub-lease this space.

Upon adoption of ASC 842 in January 2019, a ROU asset of \$17.6 million and a lease liability of \$27.3 million were recorded and are identified separately in the Company's consolidated balance sheets for the existing operating leases. There was no impact to the consolidated statements of operations. Upon adoption, the amount of the ROU assets recorded was offset by the applicable unamortized lease incentive and straight-line lease liability balances of \$9.7 million and, therefore, there was no impact to accumulated deficit. There were no initial direct costs related to the leases to consider. The Company's operating lease liabilities related to its real estate lease agreements were calculated using a collateralized incremental borrowing rate. The weighted average discount rate for the operating lease liability is approximately 11%. A 100 basis point change in the incremental borrowing rate would result in less than a \$1 million impact to the ROU assets and liabilities recorded. Lease expense for operating lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term, which for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 was \$1.0 million and \$1.1 million, respectively, and is included in operating expenses in the consolidated statement of operations. During the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company recorded \$559,000 of impairment charges related to its 930 Winter Street lease, which represented the remaining balance of the ROU asset as the likelihood of finding a sub-lessor had diminished significantly as the lease approached termination. Cash paid against operating lease liabilities during the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 was \$1.4 million and \$1.3 million, respectively. As of March 31, 2020, the Company's ROU asset and lease liability for operating leases totaled \$15.2 million and \$24.1 million, respectively, and the weighted average remaining term of the operating leases is approximately six years.

The maturities of operating lease liabilities discussed above are as follows (in thousands):

2020 (nine months remaining)	\$ 4,125
2021	5,323
2022	5,389
2023	5,510
2024	5,470
Thereafter	6,866
Total lease payments	32,683
Less imputed interest	(8,616)
Total lease liabilities	<u>\$ 24,067</u>

In addition to the amounts in the table above, the Company is also responsible for variable operating costs and real estate taxes that are expected to approximate \$3.1 million per year through March 2026.

Sublease Income

In January, March, and April 2020, the Company executed three agreements to sublease a total of 47,160 square feet of the Company's leased space at 830 Winter Street, Waltham, MA through March 2026. Two of the three sublease agreements include an early termination option after certain periods of time for an agreed-upon fee. Assuming no early termination option is exercised, the Company will receive approximately \$13 million in minimum rental payments over the remaining term of the sublease, which is not included in the operating lease liability table above. The sublessees will also be responsible for their proportionate share of variable operating expenses and real estate taxes.

I. Commitments and Contingencies

Manufacturing Commitments

In 2018, the Company executed a commercial agreement with one of its manufacturers for the future production of antibody through calendar 2025. In May 2019, the agreement was amended to reduce the number of committed antibody batches for an agreed-upon exit fee, which was recorded as research and development expense in the first quarter of 2019. After further negotiations, the Company's noncancelable commitment for future production is approximately €9 million at March 31, 2020.

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following information should be read in conjunction with the unaudited financial information and the notes thereto included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, and the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2019 and the related Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC, on March 11, 2020.

OVERVIEW

We are a clinical-stage biotechnology company focused on developing the next generation of ADCs to improve outcomes for cancer patients. By generating targeted therapies with enhanced anti-tumor activity and favorable tolerability profiles, we aim to disrupt the progression of cancer and offer patients more good days. We call this our commitment to "target a better now."

An ADC with our proprietary technology comprises an antibody that binds to a target found on tumor cells and is conjugated to one of our potent anti-cancer agents as a "payload" to kill the tumor cell once the ADC has bound to its target. ADCs are an expanding approach to the treatment of cancer, with eight approved products and the number of agents in development growing significantly in recent years.

We have established a leadership position in ADCs with a portfolio of differentiated product candidates to address both solid tumors and hematological malignancies.

Managing the Impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic

During the first quarter of 2020, we moved forward with our clinical studies, while adapting to meet the evolving challenges of the COVID-19 pandemic. With the benefit of early indications of the impact of COVID-19 in the Boston area, we implemented business continuity plans in the first half of March 2020, which allowed our organization to effectively transition to working from home. Since then, we have worked closely with our external partners to monitor progress across our studies and respond to new developments as they arise. From a manufacturing and supply chain perspective, we entered the year with ample drug product and believe we have sufficient inventory on hand for all of our ongoing mirvetuximab monotherapy and combination trials, IMGN632 expansion studies, and to support the planned Phase 1 study for IMGCC936. Furthermore, our supply partners have taken prospective measures that we believe will ensure our currently activated study sites have sufficient safety stock of drug product to weather any disruptions in transportation. In addition, from a regulatory perspective, we have received timely reviews of our submissions to the FDA and other health authorities covering our clinical trial applications.

With regard to our clinical trials, we have not encountered significant issues with any of our studies to date given the high unmet medical need across our patient populations. We continue to monitor trial progress on a global scale and maintain close contact with our clinical research partners, study sites, and internal review boards to ensure enrollment, activation, and data collection are proceeding in accordance with good clinical practice.

Our Business

Our lead program is mirvetuximab soravtansine, a first-in-class investigational ADC targeting FR α , a cell-surface protein overexpressed in a number of epithelial tumors, including ovarian, endometrial, and non-small-cell lung cancers. In March 2019, we announced that FORWARD I, our Phase 3 clinical trial evaluating mirvetuximab compared to chemotherapy in women with FR α -positive platinum-resistant epithelial ovarian, primary peritoneal, or fallopian tube cancer, which we refer to collectively as PROC, did not meet the primary endpoint in either the entire treatment population or the pre-specified high FR α expression population. Data from FORWARD I did, however, show promising efficacy signals across a range of parameters in the pre-specified subset of patients with high FR α expression. In post hoc exploratory analyses using a PS2+ scoring method, in the FR α -high population scored by the PS2+ method, mirvetuximab was associated with longer progression free survival, or PFS, by blinded independent review committee, or BIRC, higher overall response rate, or ORR, and longer overall survival, or OS.

Following consultation with the FDA, we will concurrently enroll two new trials of mirvetuximab: SORAYA, a single-arm clinical trial that, if successful, could lead to accelerated approval of mirvetuximab; and MIRASOL, a randomized Phase 3 clinical trial that, if successful, could lead to full approval of mirvetuximab. We have opened both studies and expect to report top-line data from SORAYA in mid-2021 and top-line data from MIRASOL in the first half of 2022. If SORAYA is successful, we expect to submit an application for accelerated approval of mirvetuximab in the

applicable patient population to the FDA during the second half of 2021 and to thereafter seek full approval on the basis of a confirmatory Phase 3 trial, MIRASOL.

We undertook a review of our operations during the second quarter of 2019 with the goals of prioritizing our portfolio and reducing our cost base to ensure that our cash resources will be sufficient to advance certain of our programs through the next stages of development. Based on the outcome of this operational review and subsequent consultation with the FDA, we have established three strategic priorities for the business: (i) execute SORAYA and MIRASOL and pursue the development of additional indications for mirvetuximab in ovarian cancer; (ii) advance a select portfolio of three earlier-stage product candidates; and (iii) further strengthen our balance sheet and expand our capabilities through partnering. Consistent with these priorities, we have focused our operations on the following activities:

- enroll SORAYA and MIRASOL to support the potential for accelerated approval in 2022 and conversion to full approval in 2023;
- continue follow up in the ongoing Phase 1b FORWARD II companion trial of mirvetuximab in combination regimens and initiate additional combination trials to support expanded indications;
- progress IMG632 development in patients with AML, BPDCN, and other CD123-positive hematologic malignancies in collaboration with Jazz;
- advance two additional assets that demonstrate our continued innovation in ADCs: IMGC936, which is an investigational ADC directed to the novel solid tumor target, ADAM9, which we are co-developing with MacroGenics; and our next generation investigational anti-FR α ADC, IMG151, which is expected to enter preclinical development in 2020; and
- monetize our remaining portfolio and platform technologies through out-licensing transactions or asset sales.

As part of our ongoing development efforts, we have developed a new class of cytotoxic payloads that we refer to as IGNs. Our IGNs are designed to alkylate DNA without cross-linking, which has provided a broad therapeutic index in preclinical models. Specifically, IGN ADCs have retained the anti-tumor potency of crosslinking drugs with less toxicity to normal cells in in vitro and animal models. These properties have allowed for repeat administration of ADCs with IGN payloads in clinical studies and as supported by preclinical data, suggest that ADCs with IGN payloads may be able to be added to other agents in combination regimens.

IMG632 is an investigational ADC comprised of a high affinity antibody designed to target CD123 with site specific conjugation to our most potent IGN payload. We are advancing IMG632 in clinical trials for patients with AML and BPDCN. We presented data from our Phase 1 clinical trial of IMG632 in patients with relapsed or refractory adult AML and BPDCN at the Annual Meeting of the American Society of Hematology in December of 2019. We have also determined a Phase 2 dose and schedule for IMG632 and have initiated a clinical trial with combinations in AML as well as monotherapy in front-line patients with minimal residual disease following induction therapy. In addition, we are pursuing an expansion cohort in BPDCN patients under our initial protocol.

We continue to advance select preclinical programs, led by IMGC936. IMGC936 is an investigational ADC in co-development with MacroGenics designed to target ADAM9, an enzyme overexpressed in a range of solid tumors and implicated in tumor progression and metastasis. This ADC incorporates a number of innovations, including antibody engineering to extend half-life, site-specific conjugation with a fixed drug-antibody ratio to enable higher dosing, and a next-generation linker and payload for improved stability and bystander activity. We reported encouraging preclinical safety and activity data from this program at the AACR meeting in 2019 and expect an IND for IMGC936 will be submitted to the FDA in the second quarter of 2020. Finally, we expect our next generation anti-folate receptor alpha candidate, IMG151, to move into preclinical development in 2020.

Collaborating on ADC development with other companies allows us to generate revenue, mitigate expenses, enhance our capabilities, and extend the reach of our proprietary platform. The most advanced partner program is Roche's marketed product, Kadcyra[®]. Our ADC technology is also used in candidates in clinical development with a number of partners. We have evolved our partnering approach to pursue relationships where we can gain access to technology and complementary capabilities, such as our technology swap with CytomX, as well as co-development and co-commercialization opportunities, such as our relationships with Jazz and MacroGenics. In addition, following our restructuring in 2019, we seek to monetize our remaining portfolio and platform technologies through out-licensing

transactions or asset sales. To this end, in December 2019, we granted an exclusive development and commercialization license to CytomX to our cytotoxic payload technology for use with antibodies (and Probodies™ developed therefrom) directed to EpCAM, including certain of our proprietary anti-EpCAM antibodies developed into Probodies utilizing CytomX's Probody technology, in return for which we received an upfront payment from CytomX with the potential for additional payments following CytomX's successful achievement of pre-defined clinical development, approval, and commercialization milestones, as well as royalties on net sales.

We expect that substantially all of our revenue for the foreseeable future will result from payments under our collaborative arrangements. For more information concerning these relationships, including their ongoing financial and accounting impact on our business, please read Note C, "Significant Collaborative Agreements," to our consolidated financial statements included in this report and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 11, 2020.

To date, we have not generated revenues from commercial sales of internal products and we expect to continue to incur significant operating losses for the foreseeable future. As of March 31, 2020, we had \$247.3 million in cash and cash equivalents compared to \$176.2 million as of December 31, 2019.

In January 2020, we announced the closing of a public offering of 24.5 million shares of common stock at a price of \$4.25 per share. We received net proceeds from the offering of \$97.7 million after deducting underwriting discounts and offering expenses. We intend to use the net proceeds of the offering, together with our existing capital, to fund our operations, including, but not limited to, clinical trial activities, supply of drug substance and drug product, pre-commercialization activities, capital expenditures, and working capital.

Critical Accounting Policies

We prepare our consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to our collaborative agreements, clinical trial accruals, and stock-based compensation. We base our estimates on historical experience and various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Comparison of Three Months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019

Revenues

Our total revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 were \$13.3 million and \$8.6 million, respectively. The \$4.7 million increase in revenues in the three months ended March 31, 2020 from the same period in the prior year is attributable to an increase in non-cash royalty revenue, which is discussed further below.

License and Milestone Fees

The amount of license and milestone fees we earn is directly related to the number of our collaborators, the advancement of product candidates covered by the agreements with our collaborators, and the overall success in the clinical trials of these product candidates. As such, the amount of license and milestone fees may vary significantly from quarter to quarter and year to year. License and milestone fee revenue was \$283,000 and \$79,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Deferred revenue of \$127.5 million as of March 31, 2020 includes \$60.5 million remaining from an upfront payment related to the license options granted to Jazz in August 2017 and \$65.2 million related to the sale of our residual rights to receive royalty payments on commercial sales of Kadcyra, with the remainder of the balance primarily representing consideration received from our collaborators pursuant to our license agreements which we have yet to earn pursuant to our revenue recognition policy.

Non-cash Royalty Revenue Related to the Sale of Future Royalties

Kadcyra is an ADC marketed product resulting from one of our development and commercialization licenses with Roche, through its Genentech unit. We receive royalty reports and payments related to sales of Kadcyra from Roche one quarter in arrears. In accordance with our revenue recognition policy we recorded \$13.0 million and \$8.5 million of

non-cash royalties on net sales of Kadcyła for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The increase in 2020 compared to 2019 is a result of an increase in royalty payments driven by an increase in net sales of Kadcyła, due to market expansion of Kadcyła and approval of Kadcyła for a second indication in 2019. Kadcyła sales occurring after January 1, 2015 are covered by a royalty purchase agreement whereby the associated cash was remitted to Immunity Royalty Holdings, L.P., or IRH, subject to a residual cap. In January 2019, we sold our residual rights to receive royalty payments on commercial sales of Kadcyła to OMERS, the defined benefit pension plan for municipal employees in the Province of Ontario, Canada, for \$65.2 million, net of \$1.5 million of fees. Simultaneously, OMERS purchased IRH's right to the royalties the Company previously sold as described above, thereby obtaining the rights to 100% of the royalties received from that date on. See further details regarding the royalty obligation in Note E, "Liability Related to Sale of Future Royalties," to our consolidated financial statements included in this report.

Research and Development Expenses

Our research and development expenses relate to (i) research to evaluate new targets and to develop and evaluate new antibodies, linkers, and cytotoxic agents, (ii) preclinical testing of product candidates and the cost of clinical trials, (iii) development related to clinical and commercial manufacturing processes, and (iv) external manufacturing operations.

Research and development expense for the three months ended March 31, 2020 decreased \$11.5 million to \$27.4 million from \$38.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019, due primarily to lower personnel expenses, lower allocation of facility-related expenses, and lower third-party research expenses resulting from the restructuring of the business at the end of the second quarter of 2019. Partially offsetting these decreases, clinical trial expenses increased in the current quarter as compared to the same period in 2019 driven by costs incurred related to advancing the MIRASOL, SORAYA, and IMG632 combination therapy studies. We do not track our research and development costs by project. Since we use our research and development resources across multiple research and development projects, we manage our research and development expenses within each of the categories listed in the following table and described in more detail below (in thousands):

Research and Development Expense Category	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2020	2019
Research	\$ —	\$ 6,338
Preclinical and clinical testing	20,255	21,099
Process and product development	1,128	2,926
Manufacturing operations	6,025	8,530
Total research and development expense	\$ 27,408	\$ 38,893

Research

Research includes expenses primarily associated with activities to identify and evaluate new targets and to develop and evaluate new antibodies, linkers, and cytotoxic agents for our products and in support of our collaborators. Such expenses primarily include personnel, contract services, facility expenses, and laboratory supplies. There were no research expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2020 as a result of the restructuring of the business at the end of the second quarter of 2019.

Preclinical and Clinical Testing

Preclinical and clinical testing includes expenses related to preclinical testing of our product candidates, regulatory activities, and the cost of clinical trials. Such expenses include personnel, patient enrollment at our clinical testing sites, consultant fees, contract services, and facility expenses. Preclinical and clinical testing expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2020 decreased \$844,000 to \$20.3 million compared to \$21.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019. This decrease is primarily the result of lower personnel, administrative, laboratory, and allocated facility expenses resulting from the restructuring of the business and lower costs incurred in the current period as compared to the 2019 period related to our FORWARD I and FORWARD II studies. Partially offsetting these decreases, clinical trial costs increased driven by costs incurred related to advancing the MIRASOL, SORAYA, and IMG632 combination therapy studies.

Process and Product Development

Process and product development expenses include costs for development of clinical and commercial manufacturing processes for our compounds. Such expenses include the costs of personnel, contract services, laboratory supplies, and facility expenses. For the three months ended March 31, 2020, total process and product development expenses decreased \$1.8 million compared to the three months ended March 31, 2019. This decrease is principally due to a decrease in personnel expenses, laboratory supplies, and allocated facility expenses as a result of the restructuring of the business.

Manufacturing Operations

Manufacturing operations expense includes costs to have preclinical and clinical materials manufactured for our product candidates and quality control and quality assurance activities. Such expenses include personnel, raw materials for our preclinical studies and clinical trials, non-pivotal and pivotal development costs with contract manufacturing organizations, and allocated facility expense. For the three months ended March 31, 2020, manufacturing operations expense decreased \$2.5 million to \$6.0 million compared to \$8.5 million in the same period last year. This decrease is principally the result of lower costs driven by activity to support commercial validation of mirvetuximab in the prior year period, and lower personnel and facility-related expenses resulting from the shut-down of our manufacturing facility in February 2019 and the restructuring of the business at the end of the second quarter of 2019.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2020 decreased \$1.9 million compared to the same period last year due primarily to a decrease in personnel and administrative expenses, as well as a gain on sale of laboratory equipment, resulting from the recent restructuring, partially offset by a higher allocation of facility-related expenses for excess laboratory and office space.

Restructuring Charges

2019 Corporate Restructuring

On June 26, 2019, the Board of Directors approved a plan to restructure the business to focus resources on continued development of mirvetuximab and a select portfolio of three earlier-stage product candidates, resulting in a significant reduction of our workforce, with a majority of these employees separating from the business by mid-July 2019 and most of the remaining affected employees transitioning over varying periods of time of up to 12 months. Communication of the plan to the affected employees was substantially completed on June 27, 2019.

As a result of the workforce reduction, we recorded a charge of \$16.0 million for severance related to a pre-existing plan in June 2019, which has been subsequently reduced to \$15.4 million due to minor adjustments to the plan. The related cash payments will be substantially paid out by June 30, 2020. In addition, a charge of \$4.0 million is expected to be recorded for incremental retention benefits in the same time period, of which approximately \$0.8 million was recorded during the three months ended March 31, 2020.

Charge Related to Unoccupied Office Space

We have sought to sub-lease 10,281 square feet of unoccupied office space in Waltham that was leased in 2016. During the three months ended March 31, 2019, we recorded a \$559,000 impairment charge related to this lease, which represented the remaining balance of the right to use asset as the likelihood of finding a sub-lessor had diminished significantly as the lease approached termination.

Investment Income, net

Investment income for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 was \$646,000 and \$1.4 million, respectively. The decrease in the current period is due to a lower average cash balance in the current period and a decrease in interest rates.

Non-Cash Interest Expense on Liability Related to Sale of Future Royalty

In 2015, IRH purchased our right to receive 100% of the royalty payments on commercial sales of Kadcyra arising under our development and commercialization license with Genentech, subject to a residual cap. In January 2019, OMERS purchased IRH's right to the royalties the Company previously sold as described above. As described in Note E,

“Liability Related to Sale of Future Royalties,” to our consolidated financial statements included in this report, this royalty sale transaction has been recorded as a liability that amortizes over the estimated royalty payment period as Kadcyła royalties are remitted directly to the purchaser. During the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, we recorded \$5.7 million and \$3.4 million, respectively, of non-cash interest expense which includes amortization of deferred financing costs. The increase in 2020 compared to 2019 is a result of an increase in royalty payments driven by an increase in net sales of Kadcyła, as well as a greater effective interest rate driven by greater projected royalty payments, due to market expansion of Kadcyła and approval of Kadcyła for a second indication in 2019. We impute interest on the transaction and record interest expense at the effective interest rate, which we currently estimate to be 17.7%. There are a number of factors that could materially affect the estimated interest rate, in particular, the amount and timing of royalty payments from future net sales of Kadcyła, and we will assess this estimate on a periodic basis. As a result, future interest rates could differ significantly and any such change in interest rate will be adjusted prospectively.

Other Expense, net

Other expense, net for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 was \$198,000 and \$71,000, respectively. These amounts were substantially foreign currency exchange losses related to obligations with non-U.S. dollar-based suppliers and Euro cash balances maintained to fulfill those obligations during the respective periods.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The tables below summarize our cash and cash equivalents, working capital, and shareholders’ deficit as of March 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, and cash flow activities for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 as follows (in thousands):

	As of	
	March 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 247,299	\$ 176,225
Working capital	185,220	131,488
Shareholders’ deficit	(4,103)	(76,121)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2020	2019
Cash (used for) provided by operating activities	\$ (28,315)	\$ 10,203
Cash provided by (used for) investing activities	1,405	(2,127)
Cash provided by financing activities	97,984	68

Cash Flows

We require cash to fund our operating expenses, including the advancement of our own clinical programs, and to make capital expenditures. Historically, we have funded our cash requirements primarily through equity and convertible debt financings in public markets and payments from our collaborators, including license fees, milestones, research funding, and royalties. We have also monetized our rights to receive royalties on Kadcyła for up-front consideration. As of March 31, 2020, we had \$247.3 million in cash and cash equivalents. Net cash (used for) provided by operations was \$(28.3) million and \$10.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The principal use of cash for operating activities for both periods presented was to fund our net loss, adjusted for non-cash items, with the 2019 period benefiting from \$65.2 million of net proceeds from the sale of our residual rights to royalty payments on net sales of Kadcyła.

Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities was \$1.4 million and \$(2.1) million for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. During the current period, as a result of the restructuring at the end of the second quarter of 2019, we sold excess equipment generating proceeds of \$1.4 million. Cash outflows for capital expenditures in the prior period consisted primarily of laboratory equipment and dedicated equipment at third-party manufacturing vendors.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$98.0 million and \$68,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. In January 2020, pursuant to a public offering, we issued and sold 24.5 million shares of

common stock, resulting in net proceeds of \$97.7 million. Also included in the three months ended March 31, 2020 and 2019 is \$240,000 and \$68,000, respectively, of proceeds generated from the exercise of approximately 86,000 and 25,000 stock options, respectively.

We anticipate that our current capital resources will enable us to meet our operational expenses and capital expenditures for more than twelve months after the date of this report. We may raise additional funds through equity, debt, and other financings or generate revenues from collaborators through a combination of upfront license payments, milestone payments, royalty payments, and research funding. We cannot provide assurance that such collaborative agreement funding will, in fact, be received. Should we or our partners not meet some or all of the terms and conditions of our various collaboration agreements or if we are not successful in securing future collaboration agreements, we may elect or be required to secure alternative financing arrangements, and/or defer or limit some or all of our research, development and/or clinical projects.

Contractual Obligations

In 2018, the Company executed a commercial agreement with one of its manufacturers for future production of antibody through calendar 2025. In May 2019, the agreement was amended to reduce the number of committed antibody batches for an agreed-upon exit fee, which was determined to be probable and recorded as research and development expense in the first quarter of 2019. After further negotiations, our noncancelable commitment for future production is approximately €9 million at March 31, 2020.

We lease approximately 120,000 square feet of laboratory and office space in a building located at 830 Winter Street, Waltham, MA, pursuant to a lease with an initial term that expires on March 31, 2026. In January, March, and April 2020, we executed three agreements to sublease a total of 47,160 square feet of said space through March 2026. Two of the three sublease agreements include an early termination option after certain periods of time for an agreed-upon fee. Assuming these early termination options are not exercised, we will receive approximately \$13 million in minimum rental payments over the remaining term of the subleases. The sublessees will also be responsible for their proportionate share of variable operating expenses and real estate taxes.

There have been no other material changes to our contractual obligations during the current period from those disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 filed with the SEC on March 11, 2020.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The information set forth under Note B, “Summary of Significant Accounting Policies,” to our consolidated financial statements included in this report under the caption “Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements” is incorporated herein by reference.

Third-Party Trademarks

Kadcyla is a registered trademark of Genentech, Inc. Probody is a trademark of CytomX.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

None.

ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure about Market Risk

Our market risks, and the ways we manage them, are summarized in Part II, Item 7A, “Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk” of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 filed with the SEC on March 11, 2020. Since then there have been no material changes to our market risks or to our management of such risks.

ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our principal executive and financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) or 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”)) as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based on such evaluation, our principal executive and financial officer has concluded that, as of the end of such period, our disclosure controls and procedures were adequate and effective.

(b) Changes in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15(d)-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully review and consider the information regarding certain factors that could materially affect our business, financial condition, or future results set forth under Item 1A. “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 filed with the SEC on March 11, 2020. There have been no material changes from the factors disclosed in our 2019 Annual Report on Form 10-K other than the update to the risk factor below regarding COVID-19. We may also disclose changes to such factors, including the risk factor below, or disclose additional factors from time to time in our future filings with the SEC.

A pandemic, epidemic, or outbreak of an infectious disease, such as COVID-19, may materially and adversely affect our business and our financial results.

The spread of COVID-19 has affected segments of the global economy and may affect our operations, including the potential interruption of our clinical trial activities and our supply chain. The recent outbreak of COVID-19 originated in Wuhan, China, in December 2019 and has since spread worldwide, including countries where we are currently conducting our clinical trials, including our SORAYA and MIRASOL trials. The COVID-19 pandemic is evolving, and to date has led to the implementation of various responses, including government-imposed quarantines, travel restrictions and other public health safety measures, as well as reported adverse impacts on healthcare resources, facilities, and providers in Massachusetts, across the United States, and in other countries worldwide. The continued impact of COVID-19 may result in a period of business disruption, including delays in our clinical trials or delays or disruptions in our supply chain.

The continued impact of COVID-19 globally could adversely affect our clinical trial operations in the United States and elsewhere, including our ability to recruit and retain patients, principal investigators, and site staff who, as healthcare providers, may have heightened exposure to COVID-19. Further, the COVID-19 pandemic may delay enrollment in our SORAYA and MIRASOL trials due to prioritization of hospital resources toward the pandemic, restrictions on travel, and some patients may be unwilling to enroll in our trials or be unable to comply with clinical trial protocols if quarantines or travel restrictions impede patient movement or interrupt healthcare services, which would delay our ability to conduct clinical trials or release clinical trial results. In addition, there could be a potential effect of COVID-19 to the business at FDA or other health authorities, which could result in delays of reviews and approvals, including with respect to our product candidates. COVID-19 may also affect employees of third-party contract research organizations located in affected geographies that we rely upon to carry out our clinical trials. Although we entered the year with ample supply of our drug candidates and we believe we have sufficient inventory on hand for all of our ongoing mirvetuximab monotherapy and combination trials, IMG632 expansion studies, and activities to support the planned Phase 1 study for IMGC936, COVID-19, or the spread of another infectious disease, could also negatively affect the operations at our third-party manufacturers, which could result in delays or disruptions in the supply of our product candidates if we need additional materials. Additionally, although our supply partners have taken prospective measures that we believe will ensure our currently activated trial sites have sufficient safety stock of our drug candidates to weather any disruptions in transportation, interruption in global shipping affecting the transport of clinical trial materials, such as patient samples, product candidates, and other supplies used in our clinical trials may negatively affect our trials.

In addition, in response to the pandemic and in accordance with direction from state and local government authorities, we have made temporary precautionary measures intended to help minimize the risk of the virus to our employees, including temporarily requiring most employees to work remotely (which in turn increases our threat to cyber security, data accessibility, and communication matters), and suspending all non-essential travel worldwide for our employees. In addition, industry events and in-person work-related meetings have been cancelled, the continuation of which could negatively affect our business.

The trading prices for our common stock and other biotechnology companies have also been highly volatile as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. We, therefore, may face difficulties raising capital through sales of our common stock or equity linked to our common stock or such sales may be on unfavorable terms or unavailable.

We cannot presently predict the scope and severity of any additional potential business shutdowns or disruptions as a result of COVID-19. If we or any of the third parties with whom we engage, however, were to experience further shutdowns or other business disruptions, our ability to conduct our business in the manner and on the timelines presently planned could be materially and negatively affected, which could have a material adverse impact on our business and our results of operation and financial condition.

ITEM 5. *Other Information*

None

ITEM 6. *Exhibits*

Exhibit No.	Description
10.1 ^{±*}	Inducement Equity Incentive Plan – as amended
10.2 [±]	Form of Performance-Based Stock Option Agreement dated February 7, 2020 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11(f) to the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 11, 2020 (File No. 000-17999))
31.1	Certification of the principal executive officer and principal financial officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32 [†]	Certification of the principal executive officer and principal financial officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101	Financial statements from the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of ImmunoGen, Inc. for the quarter ended March 31, 2020 formatted in inline XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Consolidated Balance Sheets; (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss; (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Shareholder’s (Deficit) Equity; (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows; and (v) the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

[†] *Furnished, not filed.*

^{*} *Filed herewith.*

[±] *Exhibit is a management contract or compensatory plan, contract or arrangement required to be filed as an exhibit to this report on Form 10-Q.*

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ImmunoGen, Inc.

Date: May 5, 2020

By: /s/ Mark J. Enyedy
Mark J. Enyedy
President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal
Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer)

IMMUNOGEN, INC.

INDUCEMENT EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN, AS AMENDED

1. *DEFINITIONS.*

Unless otherwise specified or unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms, as used in this ImmunoGen, Inc. Inducement Equity Incentive Plan, have the following meanings:

Administrator means the Board of Directors, unless it has delegated power to act on its behalf to the Committee, in which case the Administrator means the Committee.

Affiliate means a corporation which, for purposes of Section 424 of the Code, is a parent or subsidiary of the Company, direct or indirect.

Agreement means an agreement between the Company and a Participant delivered pursuant to the Plan, in such form as the Administrator shall approve.

Board of Directors means the Board of Directors of the Company.

Cause shall include (and is not limited to) dishonesty with respect to the Company or any Affiliate, insubordination, substantial malfeasance or non-feasance of duty, unauthorized disclosure of confidential information, breach by the Participant of any provision of any employment, consulting, advisory, nondisclosure, non-competition or similar agreement between the Participant and the Company or any Affiliate, and conduct substantially prejudicial to the business of the Company or any Affiliate provided, however that any provision in an agreement between the Participant and the Company or an Affiliate, which contains a conflicting definition of "cause" for termination and which is in effect at the time of such termination, shall supersede the definition in this Plan with respect to that Participant. The determination of the Administrator as to the existence of Cause will be conclusive on the Participant and the Company.

Change of Control means the occurrence of any of the following events:

- (i) **Ownership.** Any "Person" (as such term is used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) becomes the "Beneficial Owner" (as defined in Rule 13d-3 under said Act), directly or indirectly, of securities of the Company representing 50% or more of the total voting power represented by the Company's then outstanding voting securities (excluding for this purpose any such voting securities held by the Company or its Affiliates or by any employee benefit plan of the Company)
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pursuant to a transaction or a series of related transactions which the Board of Directors does not approve; or

- (ii) Merger/Sale of Assets. (A) A merger or consolidation of the Company whether or not approved by the Board of Directors, other than a merger or consolidation which would result in the voting securities of the Company outstanding immediately prior thereto continuing to represent (either by remaining outstanding or by being converted into voting securities of the surviving entity or the parent of such corporation) more than 50% of the total voting power represented by the voting securities of the Company or such surviving entity or parent of such corporation, as the case may be, outstanding immediately after such merger or consolidation; or (B) the sale or disposition by the Company of all or substantially all of the Company's assets in a transaction requiring shareholder approval; or
- (iii) Change in Board Composition. A change in the composition of the Board of Directors, as a result of which fewer than a majority of the directors are Incumbent Directors. "Incumbent Directors" shall mean directors who either (A) are directors of the Company as of March 28, 2018, or (B) are elected, or nominated for election, to the Board of Directors with the affirmative votes of at least a majority of the Incumbent Directors at the time of such election or nomination (but shall not include an individual whose election or nomination is in connection with an actual or threatened proxy contest relating to the election of directors to the Company);

provided, that if any payment or benefit payable hereunder upon or following a Change of Control would be required to comply with the limitations of Section 409A(a)(2)(A)(v) of the Code in order to avoid an additional tax under Section 409A of the Code, such payment or benefit shall be made only if such Change in Control constitutes a change in ownership or control of the Company, or a change in ownership of the Company's assets in accordance with Section 409A of the Code.

Code means the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, including any successor statute, regulation and guidance thereto.

Committee means the compensation committee of the Board of Directors (as constituted in compliance with Rule 5605(d)(2) of the Nasdaq Listing Rules) in order to comply with the exemption from the stockholder approval requirement for "inducement grants" provided under Rule 5635(c)(4) of the Nasdaq Listing Rules.

Common Stock means shares of the Company's common stock, \$.01 par value per share.

Company means ImmunoGen, Inc., a Massachusetts corporation.

Disability or *Disabled* means permanent and total disability as defined in Section 22(e)(3) of the Code.

Employee means any employee of the Company or of an Affiliate designated by the Administrator to be eligible to be granted one or more Stock Rights under the Plan.

Fair Market Value of a Share of Common Stock means:

(1) If the Common Stock is listed on a national securities exchange or traded in the over-the-counter market and sales prices are regularly reported for the Common Stock, the closing or, if not applicable, the last price of the Common Stock on the composite tape or other comparable reporting system for the trading day on the applicable date, and if such applicable date is not a trading day, the last market trading day prior to such date;

(2) If the Common Stock is not traded on a national securities exchange but is traded on the over-the-counter market, if sales prices are not regularly reported for the Common Stock for the trading day referred to in clause (1), and if bid and asked prices for the Common Stock are regularly reported, the mean between the bid and the asked price for the Common Stock at the close of trading in the over-the-counter market for the trading day on which Common Stock was traded on the applicable date, and if such applicable date is not a trading day, the last market trading day prior to such date; and

(3) If the Common Stock is neither listed on a national securities exchange nor traded in the over-the-counter market, such value as the Administrator, in good faith, shall determine in compliance with applicable laws.

Full Value Award means a Stock Grant or other Stock-Based Award whose intrinsic value is not solely dependent on appreciation in the price of the Common Stock after the date of grant.

Non-Qualified Option means an option which is not intended to qualify as an incentive stock option under Section 422 of the Code.

Option means a Non-Qualified Option granted under the Plan.

Participant means an Employee of the Company or an Affiliate to whom one or more Stock Rights are granted under the Plan. As used herein, "Participant" shall include "Participant's Survivors" where the context requires.

Performance Based Award means a Stock Grant or Stock-Based Award which vests based on attainment of Performance Goals as set forth in Paragraph 9 hereof.

Performance Goals means performance goals determined by the Committee in its sole discretion and set forth in an Agreement. The satisfaction of Performance

Goals shall be subject to certification by the Committee. The Committee has the authority to take appropriate action with respect to the Performance Goals (including, without limitation, to make adjustments to the Performance Goals or determine the satisfaction of the Performance Goals, in each case, in connection with a Corporate Transaction) provided that any such actions do not otherwise violate the terms of the Plan.

Plan means this ImmunoGen, Inc. Inducement Equity Incentive Plan.

Shares means shares of the Common Stock as to which Stock Rights have been or may be granted under the Plan or any shares of capital stock into which the Shares are changed or for which they are exchanged within the provisions of Paragraph 25 of the Plan. The Shares issued under the Plan may be authorized and unissued shares or shares held by the Company in its treasury, or both.

Stock-Based Award means a grant by the Company under the Plan of an equity award or an equity based award which is not an Option or a Stock Grant.

Stock Grant means a grant by the Company of Shares under the Plan.

Stock Right means a right to Shares or the value of Shares of the Company granted pursuant to the Plan -- a Non-Qualified Option, a Stock Grant or a Stock-Based Award.

Survivor means a deceased Participant's legal representatives and/or any person or persons who acquired the Participant's rights to a Stock Right by will or by the laws of descent and distribution.

2. *PURPOSES OF THE PLAN.*

The Plan is intended to advance the interests of the Company's shareholders by enhancing the Company's ability to attract new Employees who are expected to make important contributions to the Company and by providing such persons with equity ownership opportunities that are intended to better align the interests of such persons with those of the Company's shareholders. The Plan provides for the granting of Non-Qualified Options, Stock Grants and Stock-Based Awards. The Company intends that the Plan be reserved for persons to whom the Company may issue securities without shareholder approval as an inducement pursuant to Listing Rule 5635(c)(4) of the corporate governance rules of the Nasdaq Stock Market.

3. *SHARES SUBJECT TO THE PLAN.*

(a) The number of Shares which may be issued from time to time pursuant to this Plan shall be 850,000 shares of Common Stock, or the equivalent of such number of Shares after the

Administrator, in its sole discretion, has interpreted the effect of any stock split, stock dividend, combination, recapitalization or similar transaction in accordance with Paragraph 25 of this Plan.

(b) If an Option ceases to be “outstanding”, in whole or in part (other than by exercise), or if the Company shall reacquire (at not more than its original issuance price) any Shares issued pursuant to a Stock Grant or Stock-Based Award, or if any Stock Right expires or is forfeited, cancelled, or otherwise terminated or results in any Shares not being issued, the unissued or reacquired Shares which were subject to such Stock Right shall again be available for issuance from time to time pursuant to this Plan. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a Stock Right is exercised, in whole or in part, by tender of Shares or if the Company’s or an Affiliate’s tax withholding obligation is satisfied by withholding Shares, the number of Shares deemed to have been issued under the Plan for purposes of the limitations set forth in Paragraph 3(a) above shall be the number of Shares that were subject to the Stock Right or portion thereof, and not the net number of Shares actually issued and any stock appreciation right to be settled in shares of Common Stock shall be counted in full against the number of Shares available for issuance under the Plan, regardless of the number of exercise gain shares issued upon settlement of the stock appreciation right. In addition, Shares repurchased by the Company with the proceeds of the option exercise price may not be reissued under the Plan.

(c) For purposes of determining the number of Shares available for issuance under Paragraph 3(a) above, (i) for the grant of any Option or similar Stock-Based Award one Share for each Share actually subject to such Option or similar Stock-Based Award shall be deducted, and (ii) for the grant of any Full Value Award, one and one-quarter (1.25) Shares for each Share actually subject to any such Full Value Award shall be deducted. If a Full Value Award expires, is forfeited, or otherwise lapses, the Shares that were subject to the Full Value Award shall be restored to the total number of Shares available for grant as were deducted as Full Value Awards pursuant to this paragraph. Except in the case of death, disability or Change of Control, or as provided in the next sentence, no Stock Right shall vest, and no right of the Company to restrict or reacquire Shares subject to Full Value Awards shall lapse, less than one (1) year from the date of grant. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Stock Rights may be granted having time-based vesting of less than one (1) year from the date of grant so long as no more than five percent (5%) of the Shares reserved for issuance under the Plan pursuant to Paragraph 3(a) above (as adjusted under Paragraph 25 of this Plan) may be granted in the aggregate pursuant to such awards.

4. ADMINISTRATION OF THE PLAN.

The Administrator of the Plan will be the Board of Directors, except to the extent the Board of Directors delegates its authority to the Committee, in which case the Committee shall be the Administrator. Subject to the provisions of the Plan, the Administrator is authorized to:

- a. Interpret the provisions of the Plan and all Stock Rights and to make all rules and determinations which it deems necessary or advisable for the administration of the Plan;
 - b. Determine which Employees shall be granted Stock Rights;
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- c. Determine the number of Shares for which a Stock Right or Stock Rights shall be granted;
- d. Specify the terms and conditions upon which a Stock Right or Stock Rights may be granted;
- e. Make any adjustments in the Performance Goals included in any Performance-Based Awards;
- f. Amend any term or condition of any outstanding Stock Right, other than reducing the exercise price or purchase price or extending the expiration date of an Option, provided that (i) such term or condition as amended is not prohibited by the Plan; (ii) any such amendment shall not impair the rights of a Participant under any Stock Right previously granted without such Participant's consent or in the event of death of the Participant the Participant's Survivors; and (iii) any such amendment shall be made only after the Administrator determines whether such amendment would cause any adverse tax consequences to the Participant, including, but not limited to, pursuant to Section 409A of the Code; and
- g. Adopt any sub-plans applicable to residents of any specified jurisdiction as it deems necessary or appropriate in order to comply with or take advantage of any tax or other laws applicable to the Company or to Plan Participants or to otherwise facilitate the administration of the Plan, which sub-plans may include additional restrictions or conditions applicable to Stock Rights or Shares issuable pursuant to a Stock Right;

provided, however, that all such interpretations, rules, determinations, terms and conditions shall be made and prescribed in the context of not causing any adverse tax consequences under Section 409A of the Code. Subject to the foregoing, the interpretation and construction by the Administrator of any provisions of the Plan or of any Stock Right granted under it shall be final, unless otherwise determined by the Board of Directors, if the Administrator is the Committee. In addition, if the Administrator is the Committee, the Board of Directors may take any action under the Plan that would otherwise be the responsibility of the Committee.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, any grants of Stock Rights under the Plan made by the Board of Directors must be approved by a majority of the Company's independent directors (as defined in rule 5605(a)(2) of the Nasdaq Listing Rules) in order to comply with Nasdaq Listing Rule 5635(c)(4).

5. *ELIGIBILITY FOR PARTICIPATION.*

The Administrator will, in its sole discretion, name the Participants in the Plan, provided, however, that each Participant must be an Employee of the Company or of an Affiliate at the time a Stock Right is granted and a person to whom the Company may issue securities without

shareholder approval as an inducement pursuant to Listing Rule 5635(c)(4) of the corporate governance rules of the Nasdaq Stock Market. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Administrator may authorize the grant of a Stock Right to a person not then an Employee of the Company or of an Affiliate; provided, however, that the actual grant of such Stock Right shall be conditioned upon such person becoming eligible to become a Participant at or prior to the time of the execution of the Agreement evidencing such Stock Right. The granting of any Stock Right to any individual shall neither entitle that individual to, nor disqualify him or her from, participation in any other grant of Stock Rights or any grants under any other benefit plan established by the Company or any Affiliate for Employees.

6. *TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF OPTIONS.*

Each Option shall be set forth in writing in an Option Agreement, duly executed by the Company (or provided in electronic form by the Company) and, to the extent required by law or requested by the Company, by the Participant. The Administrator may provide that Options be granted subject to such terms and conditions, consistent with the terms and conditions specifically required under this Plan, as the Administrator may deem appropriate. The Option Agreements shall be subject to at least the following terms and conditions:

Each Option shall be a Non-Qualified Option and shall be subject to the terms and conditions which the Administrator determines to be appropriate and in the best interest of the Company, subject to the following minimum standards for any such Non-Qualified Option:

a. *Exercise Price:* Each Option Agreement shall state the exercise price (per share) of the Shares covered by each Option, which exercise price shall be determined by the Administrator but shall not be less than the Fair Market Value per share of Common Stock on the date of grant of the Option.

b. *Number of Shares:* Each Option Agreement shall state the number of Shares to which it pertains.

c. *Vesting Periods:* Each Option Agreement shall state the date or dates on which it first is exercisable and the date after which it may no longer be exercised, provided that each Option shall terminate not more than ten years from the date of the grant. Each Option Agreement may provide that the Option rights accrue or become exercisable in installments over a period of months or years, or upon the occurrence of certain conditions or the attainment of stated performance goals or events.

d. *Option Conditions:* Exercise of any Option may be conditioned upon the Participant's execution of a Share purchase agreement in form satisfactory to the Administrator providing for certain protections for the Company and its other shareholders, including requirements that:

i. The Participant's or the Participant's Survivors' right to sell or transfer the Shares may be restricted; and

ii. The Participant or the Participant's Survivors may be required to execute letters of investment intent and must also acknowledge that the Shares will bear legends noting any applicable restrictions.

7. *TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF STOCK GRANTS.*

Each Stock Grant to a Participant shall state the principal terms in an Agreement, duly executed by the Company (or provided in electronic form by the Company) and, to the extent required by law or requested by the Company, by the Participant. The Agreement shall be in a form approved by the Administrator and shall contain terms and conditions which the Administrator determines to be appropriate and in the best interest of the Company, subject to the following minimum standards:

- (a) Each Agreement shall state the purchase price (per share), if any, of the Shares covered by each Stock Grant, which purchase price shall be determined by the Administrator but shall not be less than the minimum consideration required by the Massachusetts General Corporation Law on the date of the grant of the Stock Grant;
- (b) Each Agreement shall state the number of Shares to which the Stock Grant pertains;
- (c) Each Agreement shall include the terms of any right of the Company to restrict or reacquire the Shares subject to the Stock Grant, including the time period or attainment of Performance Goals upon which such rights shall accrue and the purchase price therefor, if any; and
- (d) Dividends (other than stock dividends to be issued pursuant to Section 25 of the Plan) may accrue but shall not be paid prior to the time, and only to the extent that, the restrictions or rights to reacquire the Shares subject to the Stock Grant lapse.

8. *TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF OTHER STOCK-BASED AWARDS.*

The Administrator shall have the right to grant other Stock-Based Awards based upon the Common Stock having such terms and conditions as the Administrator may determine, including, without limitation, the grant of Shares based upon certain conditions, the grant of securities convertible into Shares and the grant of stock appreciation rights, phantom stock awards, stock units deferred or otherwise. The principal terms of each Stock-Based Award shall be set forth in an Agreement, duly executed by the Company (or provided in electronic form by the Company) and, to the extent required by law or requested by the Company, by the Participant. The Agreement shall be in a form approved by the Administrator and shall contain terms and conditions which the Administrator determines to be appropriate and in the best interest of the Company. Each Agreement shall include the terms of any right of the Company including the right to terminate the Stock-Based Award without the issuance of Shares, the terms of any vesting conditions, Performance Goals or events upon which Shares shall be issued provided that dividends (other

than stock dividends to be issued pursuant to Section 25 of the Plan) or dividend equivalents may accrue but shall not be paid prior to and only to the extent that, the Shares subject to the Stock-Based Award vest. Under no circumstances may the Agreement covering stock appreciation rights (a) have an exercise price (per share) that is less than the Fair Market Value per share of Common Stock on the date of grant or (b) expire more than ten years following the date of grant.

The Company intends that the Plan and any Stock-Based Awards granted hereunder be exempt from the application of Section 409A of the Code or meet the requirements of paragraphs (2), (3) and (4) of subsection (a) of Section 409A of the Code, to the extent applicable, and be operated in accordance with Section 409A so that any compensation deferred under any Stock-Based Award (and applicable investment earnings) shall not be included in income under Section 409A of the Code. Any ambiguities in the Plan shall be construed to effect the intent as described in this Paragraph 8.

9. *PERFORMANCE BASED AWARDS.*

The Committee shall determine whether, with respect to a performance period, the applicable Performance Goals have been met with respect to a given Participant and, if they have, to so certify and ascertain the amount of the applicable Performance-Based Award. No Performance-Based Awards will be issued for such performance period until such certification is made by the Committee. The number of Shares issued in respect of a Performance-Based Award determined by the Committee for a performance period shall be paid to the Participant at such time as determined by the Committee in its sole discretion after the end of such performance period and any dividends (other than stock dividends to be issued pursuant to Section 25 of the Plan) or dividend equivalents that accrue shall only be paid in respect of the number of Shares earned in respect of a Performance-Based Award.

10. *EXERCISE OF OPTIONS AND ISSUE OF SHARES.*

An Option (or any part or installment thereof) shall be exercised by giving written notice (in a form acceptable to the Administrator which may include electronic notice) to the Company or its designee, together with provision for payment of the aggregate exercise price in accordance with this Paragraph for the Shares as to which the Option is being exercised, and upon compliance with any other condition(s) set forth in the Option Agreement. Such notice shall be signed by the person exercising the Option, shall state the number of Shares with respect to which the Option is being exercised and shall contain any representation required by the Plan or the Option Agreement. Payment of the exercise price for the Shares as to which such Option is being exercised shall be made (a) in United States dollars in cash or by check, or (b) at the discretion of the Administrator, through delivery of shares of Common Stock having a Fair Market Value equal as of the date of the exercise to the cash exercise price of the Option and held for at least six months (if required to avoid negative accounting treatment), or (c) at the discretion of the Administrator, by having the Company retain from the Shares otherwise issuable upon exercise of the Option, a number of shares having a Fair Market Value equal as of the date of exercise to the aggregate exercise price of the number of Shares being exercised, or (d) at the discretion of the Administrator, in accordance

with a cashless exercise program established with a securities brokerage firm, and approved by the Administrator, or (e) at the discretion of the Administrator, by any combination of (a), (b), (c) and (d) above or (f) at the discretion of the Administrator, payment of such other lawful consideration as the Administrator may determine.

The Company shall then reasonably promptly deliver the Shares as to which such Option was exercised to the Participant (or to the Participant's Survivors, as the case may be). In determining what constitutes "reasonably promptly," it is expressly understood that the issuance and delivery of the Shares may be delayed by the Company in order to comply with any law or regulation (including, without limitation, state securities or "blue sky" laws) which requires the Company to take any action with respect to the Shares prior to their issuance. The Shares shall, upon delivery, be fully paid, non-assessable Shares.

The Administrator shall have the right to accelerate the date of exercise of any installment of any Option.

The Administrator may, in its discretion, amend any term or condition of an outstanding Option provided (i) such term or condition as amended is not prohibited by the Plan, (ii) any such amendment shall be made only with the consent of the Participant to whom the Option was granted, or in the event of the death of the Participant, the Participant's Survivors, if the amendment is adverse to the Participant, and (iii) any such amendment of any Option shall be made only after the Administrator determines whether such amendment would cause any adverse tax consequences for the holder of such Option including, but not limited to, pursuant to Section 409A of the Code.

11. *ACCEPTANCE OF STOCK GRANTS AND STOCK-BASED AWARDS AND ISSUE OF SHARES.*

A Stock Grant or Stock-Based Award (or any part or installment thereof) shall be accepted by executing the applicable Agreement and delivering it to the Company or its designee, together with provision for payment of the full purchase price, if any, in accordance with this Paragraph for the Shares as to which such Stock Grant or Stock-Based Award is being accepted, and upon compliance with any other conditions set forth in the applicable Agreement. Payment of the purchase price for the Shares as to which such Stock Grant or Stock-Based Award is being accepted shall be made (a) in United States dollars in cash or by check, or (b) at the discretion of the Administrator, through delivery of shares of Common Stock held for at least six months (if required to avoid negative accounting treatment) and having a Fair Market Value equal as of the date of acceptance of the Stock Grant or Stock Based-Award to the purchase price of the Stock Grant or Stock-Based Award, or (c) at the discretion of the Administrator, by any combination of (a) and (b) above; or (d) at the discretion of the Administrator, payment of such other lawful consideration as the Administrator may determine.

The Company shall then, if required by the applicable Agreement, reasonably promptly deliver the Shares as to which such Stock Grant or Stock-Based Award was accepted to the Participant (or to the Participant's Survivors, as the case may be), subject to any escrow provision set forth in the applicable Agreement. In determining what constitutes "reasonably promptly," it

is expressly understood that the issuance and delivery of the Shares may be delayed by the Company in order to comply with any law or regulation (including, without limitation, state securities or “blue sky” laws) which requires the Company to take any action with respect to the Shares prior to their issuance.

12. *RIGHTS AS A SHAREHOLDER.*

No Participant to whom a Stock Right has been granted shall have rights as a shareholder with respect to any Shares covered by such Stock Right, except after due exercise of the Option or issuance of Shares as set forth in any Agreement, and tender of the aggregate exercise or full purchase price, if any, for the Shares being purchased pursuant to such exercise or acceptance and registration of the Shares in the Company’s share register in the name of the Participant.

13. *ASSIGNABILITY AND TRANSFERABILITY OF STOCK RIGHTS.*

By its terms, a Stock Right granted to a Participant shall not be transferable by the Participant other than (i) by will or by the laws of descent and distribution, or (ii) as approved by the Administrator in its discretion and set forth in the applicable Agreement; provided that no Stock Right may be transferred by a Participant for value. The designation of a beneficiary of a Stock Right by a Participant, with the prior approval of the Administrator and in such form as the Administrator shall prescribe, shall not be deemed a transfer prohibited by this Paragraph. Except as provided above, a Stock Right shall only be exercisable or may only be accepted, during the Participant’s lifetime, by such Participant (or by his or her legal representative) and shall not be assigned, pledged or hypothecated in any way (whether by operation of law or otherwise) and shall not be subject to execution, attachment or similar process. Any attempted transfer, assignment, pledge, hypothecation or other disposition of any Stock Right or of any rights granted thereunder contrary to the provisions of this Plan, or the levy of any attachment or similar process upon a Stock Right, shall be null and void.

14. *EFFECT ON OPTIONS OF TERMINATION OF SERVICE OTHER THAN FOR CAUSE OR DEATH OR DISABILITY.*

Except as otherwise provided in a Participant’s Option Agreement, in the event of a termination of service (whether as an Employee, director or consultant) with the Company or an Affiliate before the Participant has exercised an Option, the following rules apply:

- a. A Participant who ceases to be an Employee, director or consultant of the Company or of an Affiliate (for any reason other than termination for Cause, Disability, or death for which events there are special rules in Paragraphs 15, 16, and 17, respectively), may exercise any Option granted to him or her to the extent that the Option is exercisable on the date of such termination of service, but only within such term as the Administrator has designated in a Participant’s Option Agreement.
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b. [Reserved]

c. The provisions of this Paragraph, and not the provisions of Paragraph 16 or 17, shall apply to a Participant who subsequently becomes Disabled or dies after the termination of employment, director status or consultancy; provided, however, in the case of a Participant's Disability or death within three months after the termination of employment, director status or consultancy, the Participant or the Participant's Survivors may exercise the Option within one year after the date of the Participant's termination of service, but in no event after the date of expiration of the term of the Option.

d. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, if subsequent to a Participant's termination of employment, termination of director status or termination of consultancy, but prior to the exercise of an Option, the Administrator determines that, either prior or subsequent to the Participant's termination, the Participant engaged in conduct which would constitute Cause, then such Participant shall forthwith cease to have any right to exercise any Option.

e. A Participant to whom an Option has been granted under the Plan who is absent from the Company or an Affiliate because of temporary disability (any disability other than a Disability as defined in Paragraph 1 hereof), or who is on leave of absence for any purpose, shall not, during the period of any such absence, be deemed, by virtue of such absence alone, to have terminated such Participant's employment, director status or consultancy with the Company or with an Affiliate, except as the Administrator may otherwise expressly provide.

f. Except as required by law or as set forth in a Participant's Option Agreement, Options granted under the Plan shall not be affected by any change of a Participant's status within or among the Company and any Affiliates, so long as the Participant continues to be an Employee, director or consultant of the Company or any Affiliate.

15. *EFFECT ON OPTIONS OF TERMINATION OF SERVICE FOR CAUSE.*

Except as otherwise provided in a Participant's Option Agreement, the following rules apply if the Participant's service (whether as an Employee, director or consultant) with the Company or an Affiliate is terminated for Cause prior to the time that all his or her outstanding Options have been exercised:

a. All outstanding and unexercised Options as of the time the Participant is notified his or her service is terminated for Cause will immediately be forfeited.

b. Cause is not limited to events which have occurred prior to a Participant's termination of service, nor is it necessary that the Administrator's finding of Cause occur prior to termination. If the Administrator determines, subsequent to a

Participant's termination of service but prior to the exercise of an Option, that either prior or subsequent to the Participant's termination the Participant engaged in conduct which would constitute Cause, then the right to exercise any Option is forfeited.

16. *EFFECT ON OPTIONS OF TERMINATION OF SERVICE FOR DISABILITY.*

Except as otherwise provided in a Participant's Option Agreement:

a. A Participant who ceases to be an Employee, director or consultant of the Company or of an Affiliate by reason of Disability may exercise any Option granted to such Participant:

(i) To the extent that the Option has become exercisable but has not been exercised on the date of Disability; and

(ii) In the event rights to exercise the Option accrue periodically, to the extent of a pro rata portion through the date of Disability of any additional vesting rights that would have accrued on the next vesting date had the Participant not become Disabled. The proration shall be based upon the number of days accrued in the current vesting period prior to the date of Disability.

b. A Disabled Participant may exercise such rights only within the period ending one year after the date of the Participant's Disability, notwithstanding that the Participant might have been able to exercise the Option as to some or all of the Shares on a later date if the Participant had not become Disabled and had continued to be an Employee, director or consultant or, if earlier, within the originally prescribed term of the Option.

c. The Administrator shall make the determination both of whether Disability has occurred and the date of its occurrence (unless a procedure for such determination is set forth in another agreement between the Company and such Participant, in which case such procedure shall be used for such determination). If requested, the Participant shall be examined by a physician selected or approved by the Administrator, the cost of which examination shall be paid for by the Company.

17. *EFFECT ON OPTIONS OF DEATH WHILE AN EMPLOYEE, DIRECTOR OR CONSULTANT.*

Except as otherwise provided in a Participant's Option Agreement:

a. In the event of the death of a Participant while the Participant is an Employee, director or consultant of the Company or of an Affiliate, such Option may be exercised by the Participant's Survivors:

(i) To the extent that the Option has become exercisable but has not been exercised on the date of death; and

(ii) In the event rights to exercise the Option accrue periodically, to the extent of a pro rata portion through the date of death of any additional vesting rights that would have accrued on the next vesting date had the Participant not died. The proration shall be based upon the number of days accrued in the current vesting period prior to the Participant's date of death.

b. If the Participant's Survivors wish to exercise the Option, they must take all necessary steps to exercise the Option within one year after the date of death of such Participant, notwithstanding that the decedent might have been able to exercise the Option as to some or all of the Shares on a later date if he or she had not died and had continued to be an Employee, director or consultant or, if earlier, within the originally prescribed term of the Option.

18. *EFFECT OF TERMINATION OF SERVICE ON STOCK GRANTS AND STOCK-BASED AWARDS.*

In the event of a termination of service (whether as an Employee, director or consultant) with the Company or an Affiliate for any reason before the Participant has accepted a Stock Grant or a Stock-Based Award and paid the purchase price, if required, such offer shall terminate.

For purposes of this Paragraph 18 and Paragraph 19 below, a Participant to whom a Stock Grant or a Stock-Based Award has been issued under the Plan who is absent from work with the Company or with an Affiliate because of temporary disability (any disability other than a Disability as defined in Paragraph 1 hereof), or who is on leave of absence for any purpose, shall not, during the period of any such absence, be deemed, by virtue of such absence alone, to have terminated such Participant's employment, director status or consultancy with the Company or with an Affiliate, except as the Administrator may otherwise expressly provide.

In addition, for purposes of this Paragraph 18 and Paragraph 19 below, any change of employment or other service within or among the Company and any Affiliates shall not be treated as a termination of employment, director status or consultancy so long as the Participant continues to be an Employee, director or consultant of the Company or any Affiliate.

19. *EFFECT ON STOCK GRANTS AND STOCK-BASED AWARDS OF TERMINATION OF SERVICE OTHER THAN FOR CAUSE OR DEATH OR DISABILITY.*

Except as otherwise provided in a Participant's Agreement, in the event of a termination of service (whether as an Employee, director or consultant), other than termination for Cause, Disability, or death for which events there are special rules in Paragraphs 20, 21, and 22, respectively, before all forfeiture provisions or Company rights of repurchase shall have lapsed,

then the Company shall have the right to cancel or repurchase that number of Shares subject to a Stock Grant or Stock-Based Award as to which the Company's forfeiture or repurchase rights have not lapsed.

20. *EFFECT ON STOCK GRANTS AND STOCK-BASED AWARDS OF TERMINATION OF SERVICE FOR CAUSE.*

Except as otherwise provided in a Participant's Agreement, the following rules apply if the Participant's service (whether as an Employee, director or consultant) with the Company or an Affiliate is terminated for Cause:

a. All Shares subject to any Stock Grant or a Stock-Based Award that remain subject to forfeiture provisions or as to which the Company shall have a repurchase right shall be immediately forfeited to the Company as of the time the Participant is notified his or her service is terminated for Cause.

b. Cause is not limited to events which have occurred prior to a Participant's termination of service, nor is it necessary that the Administrator's finding of Cause occur prior to termination. If the Administrator determines, subsequent to a Participant's termination of service, that either prior or subsequent to the Participant's termination the Participant engaged in conduct which would constitute Cause, then all shares subject to any Stock Grant or Stock-Based Award that remained subject to forfeiture provisions or as to which the Company had a repurchase right on the date of termination shall be immediately forfeited to the Company.

21. *EFFECT ON STOCK GRANTS AND STOCK-BASED AWARDS OF TERMINATION OF SERVICE FOR DISABILITY.*

Except as otherwise provided in a Participant's Agreement, the following rules apply if a Participant ceases to be an Employee, director or consultant of the Company or of an Affiliate by reason of Disability: to the extent the forfeiture provisions or the Company's rights of repurchase have not lapsed on the date of Disability, they shall be exercisable; provided, however, that in the event such forfeiture provisions or rights of repurchase lapse periodically, such provisions or rights shall lapse to the extent of a pro rata portion of the Shares subject to such Stock Grant or Stock-Based Award through the date of Disability as would have lapsed had the Participant not become Disabled. The proration shall be based upon the number of days accrued prior to the date of Disability.

The Administrator shall make the determination both of whether Disability has occurred and the date of its occurrence (unless a procedure for such determination is set forth in another agreement between the Company and such Participant, in which case such procedure shall be used for such determination). If requested, the Participant shall be examined by a physician selected or approved by the Administrator, the cost of which examination shall be paid for by the Company.

22. *EFFECT ON STOCK GRANTS AND STOCK-BASED AWARDS OF DEATH WHILE AN EMPLOYEE, DIRECTOR OR CONSULTANT.*

Except as otherwise provided in a Participant's Agreement, the following rules apply in the event of the death of a Participant while the Participant is an Employee, director or consultant of the Company or of an Affiliate: to the extent the forfeiture provisions or the Company's rights of repurchase have not lapsed on the date of death, they shall be exercisable; provided, however, that in the event such forfeiture provisions or rights of repurchase lapse periodically, such provisions or rights shall lapse to the extent of a pro rata portion of the Shares subject to such Stock Grant or Stock-Based Award through the date of death as would have lapsed had the Participant not died. The proration shall be based upon the number of days accrued prior to the Participant's death.

23. *PURCHASE FOR INVESTMENT.*

Unless the offering and sale of the Shares to be issued upon the particular exercise or acceptance of a Stock Right shall have been effectively registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as now in force or hereafter amended (the "1933 Act"), the Company shall be under no obligation to issue the Shares covered by such exercise unless and until the following conditions have been fulfilled:

a. The person(s) who exercise(s) or accept(s) such Stock Right shall warrant to the Company, prior to the receipt of such Shares, that such person(s) are acquiring such Shares for their own respective accounts, for investment, and not with a view to, or for sale in connection with, the distribution of any such Shares, in which event the person(s) acquiring such Shares shall be bound by the provisions of the following legend which shall be endorsed upon the certificate(s) evidencing their Shares issued pursuant to such exercise or such grant:

"The shares represented by this certificate have been taken for investment and they may not be sold or otherwise transferred by any person, including a pledgee, unless (1) either (a) a Registration Statement with respect to such shares shall be effective under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or (b) the Company shall have received an opinion of counsel satisfactory to it that an exemption from registration under such Act is then available, and (2) there shall have been compliance with all applicable state securities laws."

b. At the discretion of the Administrator, the Company shall have received an opinion of its counsel that the Shares may be issued upon such particular exercise or acceptance in compliance with the 1933 Act without registration thereunder.

24. *DISSOLUTION OR LIQUIDATION OF THE COMPANY.*

Upon the dissolution or liquidation of the Company, all Options granted under this Plan which as of such date shall not have been exercised and all Stock Grants and Stock-Based Awards which have not been accepted, to the extent required under the applicable Agreement, will terminate and become null and void; provided, however, that if the rights of a Participant or a Participant's Survivors have not otherwise terminated and expired, the Participant or the Participant's Survivors will have the right immediately prior to such dissolution or liquidation to exercise or accept any Stock Right to the extent that the Stock Right is exercisable or subject to acceptance as of the date immediately prior to such dissolution or liquidation. Upon the dissolution or liquidation of the Company, any outstanding Stock-Based Awards shall immediately terminate unless otherwise determined by the Administrator or specifically provided in the applicable Agreement.

25. *ADJUSTMENTS.*

Upon the occurrence of any of the following events, a Participant's rights with respect to any Stock Right granted to him or her hereunder shall be adjusted as hereinafter provided, unless otherwise specifically provided in a Participant's Agreement:

a. *Stock Dividends and Stock Splits.* If (i) the shares of Common Stock shall be subdivided or combined into a greater or smaller number of shares or if the Company shall issue any shares of Common Stock as a stock dividend on its outstanding Common Stock, or (ii) additional shares or new or different shares or other securities of the Company or other non-cash assets are distributed with respect to such shares of Common Stock, each Stock Right and the number of shares of Common Stock deliverable thereunder shall be appropriately increased or decreased proportionately, and appropriate adjustments shall be made, including in the exercise or purchase price per share and Performance Goals applicable to outstanding Performance-Based Awards, to reflect such events. The number of Shares subject to the limitations in Paragraph 3(a) and 4(c) shall also be proportionately adjusted upon the occurrence of such events.

b. *Corporate Transactions.* If the Company is to be consolidated with or acquired by another entity in a merger, consolidation, or sale of all or substantially all of the Company's assets or the acquisition of all of the outstanding voting stock of the Company in a single transaction or a series of related transactions by a single entity other than a transaction to merely change the state of incorporation (a "Corporate Transaction"), the Administrator or the board of directors of any entity assuming the obligations of the Company hereunder (the "Successor Board"), shall, as to outstanding Options, either (i) make appropriate provision for the continuation of such Options by substituting on an equitable basis for the Shares then subject to such Options either the consideration payable with respect to the outstanding shares of Common Stock in connection with the Corporate Transaction or securities of any successor or acquiring entity; or (ii) upon written notice to the Participants, provide that such Options must be exercised (either (A) to the extent then exercisable, or (B) at the discretion of the Administrator, any such Options being made partially or fully exercisable for purposes of this Subparagraph), within a specified number of days of the date of such notice, at the end of which period the Options shall terminate; or (iii) terminate

such Options in exchange for payment of an amount equal to the consideration payable upon consummation of such Corporate Transaction to a holder of the number of shares of Common Stock into which such Option would have been exercisable (either (A) to the extent then exercisable, or (B) at the discretion of the Administrator, any such Options being made partially or fully exercisable for purposes of this Subparagraph) less the aggregate exercise price thereof. For purposes of determining the payments to be made pursuant to Subclause (iii) above, in the case of a Corporate Transaction the consideration for which, in whole or in part, is other than cash, the consideration other than cash shall be valued at the fair value thereof as determined in good faith by the Board of Directors.

With respect to outstanding Stock Grants, the Administrator or the Successor Board, shall either (i) make appropriate provisions for the continuation of such Stock Grants on the same terms and conditions by substituting on an equitable basis for the Shares then subject to such Stock Grants either the consideration payable with respect to the outstanding shares of Common Stock in connection with the Corporate Transaction or securities of any successor or acquiring entity; or (ii) terminate all Stock Grants in exchange for payment of an amount equal to the consideration payable upon consummation of such Corporate Transaction to the holder of the number of shares of Common Stock comprising such Stock Grant (to the extent such Stock Grant is no longer subject to any forfeiture or repurchase rights then in effect or, at the discretion of the Administrator, all forfeiture and repurchase rights being waived upon such Corporate Transaction).

In taking any of the actions permitted under this Paragraph 25(b), the Administrator shall not be obligated by the Plan to treat all Stock Rights, all Stock Rights held by a Participant, or all Stock Rights of the same type, identically.

c. *Recapitalization or Reorganization.* In the event of a recapitalization or reorganization of the Company other than a Corporate Transaction pursuant to which securities of the Company or of another corporation are issued with respect to the outstanding shares of Common Stock, a Participant upon exercising an Option or accepting a Stock Grant after the recapitalization or reorganization shall be entitled to receive for the price paid upon such exercise or acceptance, if any, the number of replacement securities which would have been received if such Option had been exercised or Stock Grant accepted prior to such recapitalization or reorganization.

d. *Adjustments to Stock-Based Awards.* Upon the happening of any of the events described in Subparagraphs a, b or c above, any outstanding Stock-Based Award shall be appropriately adjusted to reflect the events described in such Subparagraphs. The Administrator or the Successor Board shall determine the specific adjustments to be made under this Paragraph 25, including, but not limited to the effect if any, of a Change of Control and, subject to Paragraph 4, its determination shall be conclusive.

e. *Modification of Options.* Notwithstanding the foregoing, any adjustments made pursuant to Subparagraph a, b or c above with respect to Options shall be made only after the Administrator determines whether such adjustments would cause any adverse tax consequences for the holders of such Options. If the Administrator determines that such adjustments made with respect to Options would cause an adverse tax consequence, it may refrain from making such

adjustments, unless the holder of an Option specifically agrees in writing that such adjustment be made and such writing indicates that the holder has full knowledge of the consequences of such adjustment on his or her income tax treatment with respect to the Option.

26. *ISSUANCES OF SECURITIES.*

Except as expressly provided herein, no issuance by the Company of shares of stock of any class, or securities convertible into shares of stock of any class, shall affect, and no adjustment by reason thereof shall be made with respect to, the number or price of shares subject to Stock Rights. Except as expressly provided herein, no adjustments shall be made for dividends paid in cash or in property (including without limitation, securities) of the Company prior to any issuance of Shares pursuant to a Stock Right.

27. *FRACTIONAL SHARES.*

No fractional shares shall be issued under the Plan and the person exercising a Stock Right shall receive from the Company cash in lieu of such fractional shares equal to the Fair Market Value thereof.

28. *[RESERVED]*

29. *WITHHOLDING.*

In the event that any federal, state, or local income taxes, employment taxes, Federal Insurance Contributions Act ("F.I.C.A.") withholdings or other amounts are required by applicable law or governmental regulation to be withheld from the Participant's salary, wages or other remuneration in connection with the exercise or acceptance of a Stock Right or upon the lapsing of any forfeiture provision or right of repurchase or for any other reason required by law, the Company may withhold from the Participant's compensation, if any, or may require that the Participant advance in cash to the Company, or to any Affiliate of the Company which employs or employed the Participant, the statutory minimum amount of such withholdings unless a different withholding arrangement, including the use of shares of the Company's Common Stock is authorized by the Administrator (and permitted by law). For purposes hereof, the fair market value of the shares withheld for purposes of payroll withholding shall be determined in the manner set forth under the definition of Fair Market Value provided in Paragraph 1 above, as of the most recent practicable date prior to the date of exercise. If the Fair Market Value of the shares withheld is less than the amount of payroll withholdings required, the Participant may be required to advance the difference in cash to the Company or the Affiliate employer.

30. *[RESERVED]*

31. *TERMINATION OF THE PLAN.*

The Plan will terminate on December 19, 2029. The Plan may be terminated at an earlier date by vote of the Board of Directors of the Company; provided, however, that any such earlier termination shall not affect any Agreements executed prior to the effective date of such termination. Termination of the Plan shall not affect any Stock Rights theretofore granted.

32. *AMENDMENT OF THE PLAN AND AGREEMENTS.*

The Plan may be amended by the Administrator, including, without limitation, to the extent necessary to qualify the shares issuable upon exercise or acceptance of any outstanding Stock Rights granted, or Stock Rights to be granted, under the Plan for listing on any national securities exchange or quotation in any national automated quotation system of securities dealers. Other than as set forth in Paragraph 25 of the Plan, the Administrator may not without shareholder approval reduce the exercise price of an Option or cancel any outstanding Option in exchange for a replacement option having a lower exercise price, any Stock Grant, any other Stock-Based Award or for cash. In addition, the Administrator may not take any other action that is considered a direct or indirect “repricing” for purposes of the shareholder approval rules of the applicable securities exchange or inter-dealer quotation system on which the Shares are listed, including any other action that is treated as a repricing under generally accepted accounting principles. Any modification or amendment of the Plan shall not, without the consent of a Participant, adversely affect his or her rights under a Stock Right previously granted to him or her, unless such amendment is required by applicable law or necessary to preserve the economic value of such Stock Right. With the consent of the Participant affected, the Administrator may amend outstanding Agreements in a manner which may be adverse to the Participant but which is not inconsistent with the Plan. In the discretion of the Administrator, outstanding Agreements may be amended by the Administrator in a manner which is not adverse to the Participant. Notwithstanding the foregoing, except in the case of death, disability or Change of Control, outstanding Agreements may not be amended by the Administrator (or the Board) in a manner that would accelerate the exercisability or vesting of, or lapsing of any right by the Company to restrict or reacquire Shares subject to, all or any portion of any Option, Stock Grant or other Stock-Based Award. Nothing in this Paragraph 32 shall limit the Administrator’s authority to take any action permitted pursuant to Paragraph 25.

33. *EMPLOYMENT OR OTHER RELATIONSHIP.*

Nothing in this Plan or any Agreement shall be deemed to prevent the Company or an Affiliate from terminating the employment, consultancy or director status of a Participant, nor to prevent a Participant from terminating his or her own employment, consultancy or director status or to give any Participant a right to be retained in employment or other service by the Company or any Affiliate for any period of time.

34. *CLAWBACK.*

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Plan, the Company may recover from a Participant any compensation received from any Stock Right (whether or not settled) or cause a Participant to forfeit any Stock Right (whether or not vested) in the event that the Company's Incentive Compensation Recoupment Policy then in effect is triggered.

35. *SECTION 409A.*

If a Participant is a "specified employee" as defined in Section 409A of the Code (and as applied according to procedures of the Company and its Affiliates) as of his separation from service, to the extent any payment under this Plan or pursuant to the grant of a Stock-Based Award constitutes deferred compensation (after taking into account any applicable exemptions from Section 409A of the Code), and to the extent required by Section 409A of the Code, no payments due under this Plan or pursuant to a Stock-Based Award may be made until the earlier of: (i) the first day of the seventh month following the Participant's separation from service, or (ii) the Participant's date of death; provided, however, that any payments delayed during this six-month period shall be paid in the aggregate in a lump sum, without interest, on the first day of the seventh month following the Participant's separation from service.

The Administrator shall administer the Plan with a view toward ensuring that Stock Rights under the Plan that are subject to Section 409A of the Code comply with the requirements thereof and that Options under the Plan be exempt from the requirements of Section 409A of the Code, but neither the Administrator nor any member of the Board, nor the Company nor any of its Affiliates, nor any other person acting hereunder on behalf of the Company, the Administrator or the Board shall be liable to a Participant or any Survivor by reason of the acceleration of any income, or the imposition of any additional tax or penalty, with respect to a Stock Right, whether by reason of a failure to satisfy the requirements of Section 409A of the Code or otherwise.

36. *GOVERNING LAW.*

This Plan shall be construed and enforced in accordance with the law of The Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Adopted: December 19, 2019
Amended: January 22, 2020
Amended: April 13, 2020

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Mark Enyedy, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of ImmunoGen, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 5, 2020

/s/ Mark J. Enyedy

Mark J. Enyedy
President, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive
Officer and Principal Financial Officer)

Certification

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

(Subsections (a) and (b) of Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code)

Pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subsections (a) and (b) of section 1350, chapter 63 of title 18, United States Code), each of the undersigned officers of ImmunoGen, Inc., a Massachusetts corporation (the "Company"), does hereby certify, to such officer's knowledge, that:

The Quarterly Report for the period ended March 31, 2020 (the "Form 10-Q") of the Company fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: May 5, 2020

/s/ MARK J. ENYEDY
Mark J. Enyedy
President, Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer and
Principal Financial Officer)
